User's Manual

IP7161 Network Camera





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Overview

VIVOTEK IP7161 is a high-end 2-megapixel network camera with true day and night functions, ideally suited for wide open spaces such as building entrances and airports, or applications requiring accurate identification, such as human faces in banks or vehicle license plates in parking lots. With advanced 2-megapixel (1600 x 1200) resolution, the IP7161 can not only deliver extremely clear and detailed images, but also capture much larger areas of scenes that CCTV cameras cannot. Consequently, users can significantly reduce deployment costs by using a megapixel camera instead of multiple VGA models.

To consistently maintain superior image quality during 24-hour surveillance, the IP7161 comes with a built-in removable IR-cut filter for the acceptance of IR illumination and auto-iris lens for frequent light changes. For safe and secure monitoring, the IP7161 also supports tamper detection so that security staff can be alerted immediately if the camera is blocked, redirected, defocused, or spray-painted. The exceptional time-shift streaming feature stores pre- and post-event images temporarily on a buffer memory in the camera, giving the user a view of events leading up to and after incidents.

Additionally, the IP7161 camera incorporates an adjustment ring to improve the lens compatibility for either C- or CS-mount lens, with a design that provides system integrators with more flexibility and simpler installation for different applications. In order to facilitate convenient on-board storage and data portability, the camera also provides an SD/SDHC card slot for temporary recording and data storage. The IP7161 includes other advanced features such as simultaneous dual streams, 802.3af compliant PoE, two-way audio via SIP protocol and HTTPS encrypted data transmission.

Read Before Use

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but can also be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package Contents listed below. Take note of the warnings in the Quick Installation Guide before the Network Camera is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damage due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

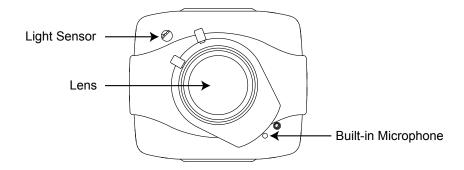
The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic networking knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/ surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the Network Camera section serves as a helpful reference to customizing existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

Package Contents

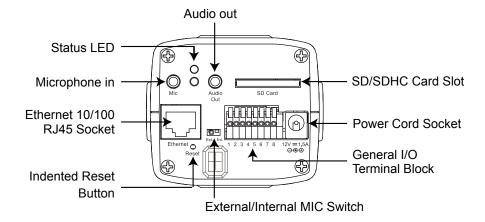
- IP7161
- Power Adapter
- Camera Stand
- CS-mount Lens
- Software CD
- Warranty Card
- Quick Installation Guide
- L-type Hex Key Wretch

Physical Description

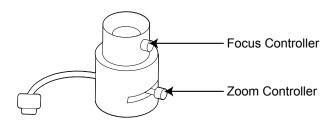
Front Panel



Back Panel



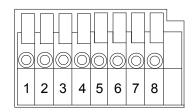
Lens



General I/O Terminal Block

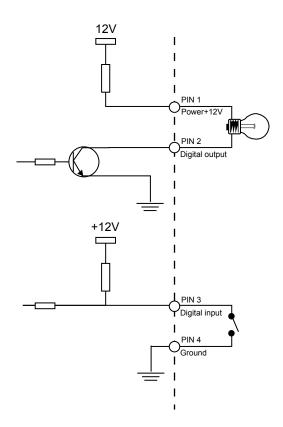
This Network Camera provides a general I/O terminal block which is used to connect external input / output devices. The pin definitions are described below.

Pin	Name
1	Power +12V
2	Digital Output
3	Digital Input
4	Ground
5	AC 24V input
6	AC 24V input
7	RS-485 +
Q	PS_485 _



DI/DO Diagram

Refer to the following illustration for the connection method.

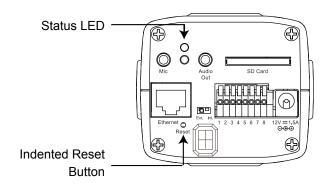


Status LED

The LED indicates the status of the Network Camera.

Item	LED status	Description
1	Steady Red	Power on and system booting
•	Red LED unlighted	Power off
2	Steady Red + Blink Green every 1 sec.	Network works (heartbeat)
2	Steady Red + Green LED unlighted	Network fail
3	Steady Red + Blink Green every 2 sec.	Audio mute (heartbeat)
4	Blink Red every 0.15 sec. + Blink Green every 1 sec.	Upgrading Firmware
5	Blink Red every 0.15 sec. + Blink Green every 0.15 sec.	Restore default

Hardware Reset



The reset button is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system can return the camera to normal operation. If the system problems remain after reset, restore the factory settings and install again.

<u>Reset</u>: Press and release the indented reset button with a paper clip or thin object. Wait for the Network Camera to reboot.

<u>Restore</u>: Press and hold the reset button until the status LED rapidly blinks. It takes about 30 seconds. Note that all settings will be restored to factory default. Upon successful restore, the status LED will blink green and red during normal operation.

SD Card Capacity

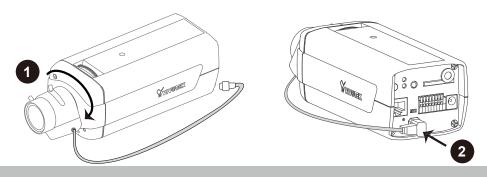
This network camera is compliant with **SDHC 16GB / 8GB** and other preceding standard SD cards

Installation

Hardware Installation

Follow the steps below to mount the lens to the Network Camera:

- 1. Mount the lens by turning it clockwise onto the camera mount until it stops. If necessary, turn the lens counterclockwise slowly until it gets the best attitude.
- 2. Connect the lens cable plug to the camera connector.

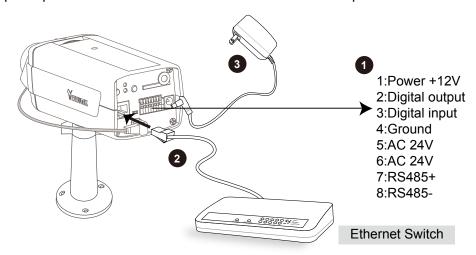


Network Deployment

Setting up the Network Camera over the Internet

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to an Internet connection.

- 1. If you have external devices such as sensors and alarms, make the connection from the general I/O terminal block.
- 2. Connect the camera to a switch via Ethernet cable.
- 3. Connect the supplied power cable from the Network Camera to a power outlet.

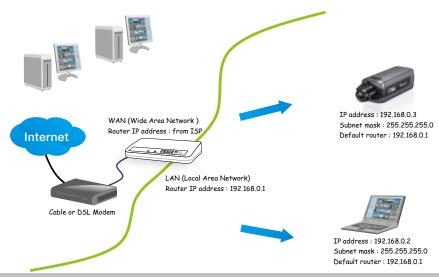


There are several ways to set up the Network Camera over the Internet. The first way is to set up the Network Camera behind a router. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE.

Internet connection via a router

Before setting up the Network Camera over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

 Connect your Network Camera behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated below. Regarding how to obtain your IP address, please refer to Software Installation on page 10 for details.



- 2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Network Camera is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Network Camera on the router.
- HTTP port
- RTSP port
- RTP port for audio
- RTCP port for audio
- RTP port for video
- RTCP port for video

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to your router's user's manual.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Network Camera from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 32 for details.

Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Network Camera. Please refer to LAN on page 32 for details.

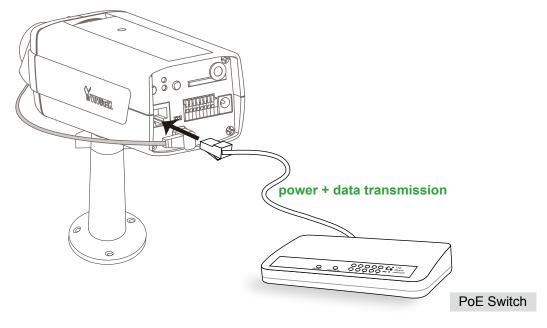
Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 33 for details.

Set up the Network Camera through Power over Ethernet (PoE)

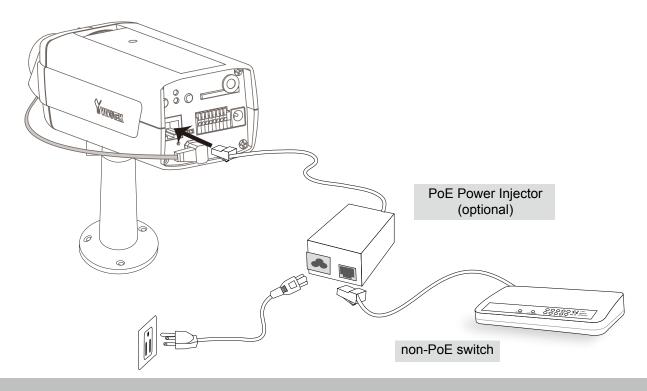
When using a PoE-enabled switch

The Network Camera is PoE-compliant, which allows it to be powered via a single Ethernet cable. If your switch/router supports PoE, refer to the following illustration to connect the Network Camera to a PoE-enabled switch/router.



When using a non-PoE switch

If your switch/router does not support PoE, use a PoE power injector (optional) to connect between the Network Camera and a non-PoE switch/router.



Software Installation

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software included on the product CD, helps you set up your Network Camera on the LAN.

1. Install IW2 under the Software Utility directory from the software CD. Double click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.





2. The program will conduct an analysis of your network environment.

After your network environment is analyzed, please click Next to continue the program.





- 3. The program will search for all VIVOTEK network devices on the same LAN.
- 4. After searching, the main installer window will pop up. Click on the MAC and model name which matches the product label on your device to connect to the Network Camera via Internet Explorer.





Ready to use

- 1. Access the Network Camera from the LAN.
- 2. Retrieve live video through a web browser or recording software.



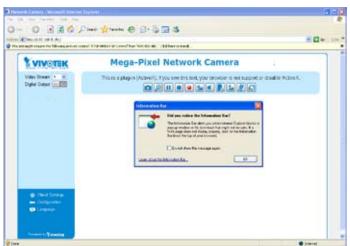
Accessing the Network Camera

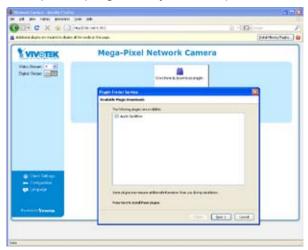
This chapter explains how to access the Network Camera through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

Using Web Browsers

Use Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access to the Network Cameras on the LAN. If your network environment is not a LAN, follow these steps to access the Network Camera:

- 1. Launch your web browser (ex. Microsoft® Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, or Netscape).
- 2. Enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field. Press Enter.
- 3. The live video will be displayed in your web browser.
- 4. If it is the first time installing the VIVOTEK network camera, an information bar will pop up as shown below. Follow the instructions to install the required plug-in on your computer.





NOTE

► For Mozilla Firefox or Netscape users, your browser will use Quick Time to stream the live video. If you donn't have Quick Time on your computer, please download it first, then launch the web browser.





- ▶ By default, the Network Camera is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized access, it is highly recommended to set a password for the Network Camera. For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 26.
- ► If you see a dialog box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX[®] Controls, please enable the ActiveX[®] Controls for your browser.
- 1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.



2. Look for Download signed ActiveX® controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click OK.



3. Refresh your web browser, then install the Active X^{\otimes} control. Follow the instructions to complete installation.

Using RTSP Players

To view the MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following players that support RTSP streaming.



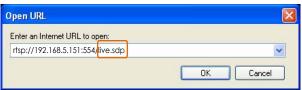
Quick Time Player



Real Player

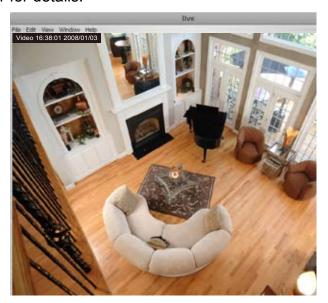
- 1. Launch the RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. The address format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>

As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41. For example:



4. The live video will be displayed in your player.

For more information on how to configure the RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41 for details.

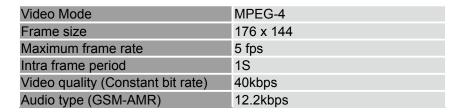


Using 3GPP-compatible Mobile Devices

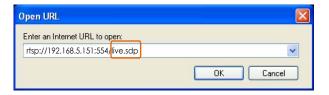
To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the Network Camera can be accessed over the Internet. For more information on how to set up the Network Camera over the Internet, please refer to Setup the Network Camera over the Internet on page 7.

To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your Network Camera:

- 1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41.
- 2. As the the bandwidth on 3G networks is limited, you will not be able to use a large video size. Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below. For more information, please refer to Audio and Video on page 48.



- 3. As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41.
- 4. Launch the player on the 3GPP-compatible mobile devices (ex. Real Player).
- 5. Type the following URL commands in the player. The address format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>. For example:



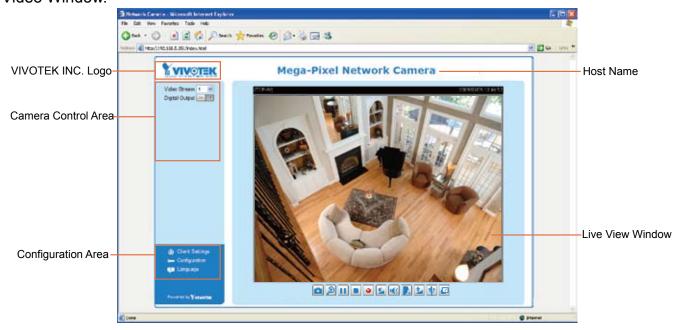
Using VIVOTEK Recording Software

The product software CD also contains recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple Network Cameras. Please install the recording software; then launch the program to add the Network Camera to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download it from http://www.vivotek.com.



Main Page

This chapter explains the layout of the main page. It is composed of the following sections: VIVOTEK INC. Logo, Host Name, Camera Control Area, Configuration Area, Menu, and Live Video Window.



VIVOTEK INC. Logo

Click this logo to visit the VIVOTEK website.

Host Name

The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System on page 24.

Camera Control Area

<u>Video Stream</u>: This Network Cmera supports MJPEG or MPEG-4 dual streams simultaneously. You can select either one for live viewing.

<u>Digital Output</u>: Click to turn the digital output device on or off.

Configuration Area

<u>Client Settings</u>: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 21.

<u>Configuration</u>: Click this button to access the configuration page of the Network Camera. It is suggested that a password be applied to the Network Camera so that only the administrator can configure the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Configuration on page 23.

Language: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文 and 繁體中文.

Live Video Window

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MPEG-4:



<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

<u>MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options</u>: The transmission protocol and media options for MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client Settings on page 21.

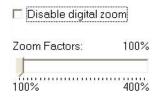
<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

<u>Title and Time</u>: The video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

<u>Digital Zoom</u>: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.





Pause: Pause the transmission of the streaming media. The button becomes the Resume button after clicking the Pause button.

Stop: Stop the transmission of the streaming media. Click the Resume button to continue transmission.

Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 22 for details.

<u>Volume</u>: When the <u>Note in the Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the volume on the local computer.</u>

Mute: Turn off the volume on the local computer. The button becomes the Audio On button after clicking the Mute button.

Talk: Click this button to talk to people around the Network Camera. Audio will project from the external speaker connected to the Network Camera. Click this button again to end talking transmission.

Mic Volume: When the Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the microphone volume at local computer.

Mute: Turn off the Mic volume at local computer. The button becomes the Mic On button after clicking the Mute button.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MJPEG:



<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

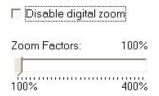
<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

<u>Title and Time</u>: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

<u>Digital Zoom</u>: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.





Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 22 for details.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

Client Settings

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options on the local computer. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to enable the settings.

MPEG-4 Media Options

MPEG-4 Media Options
O Video Only
O Audio Only

Select to stream video or audio data or both. This is enabled only when the video mode is set to MPEG-4.

MPEG-4 Protocol Options

MPEG-4 Protocol Options
O UDP Unicast
O UDP Multicast
▼TCP
ОНТТР

Depending on your network environment, there are four transmission modes of MPEG-4 streaming:

<u>UDP unicast</u>: This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the Network Camera allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

<u>UDP multicast</u>: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the Network Camera while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the Network Camera must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, see RTSP Streaming on page 34.

<u>TCP</u>: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. The downside of this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

<u>HTTP</u>: This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol without needing to open specific ports for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data through.

MP4 Saving Options



Users can record live video as they are watching it by clicking Start MP4 Recording on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

Folder: Specify a storage destination for the recorded video files.

File Name Prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the video file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name: Select this option to append the date and time to the end of the file name.



Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page to enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

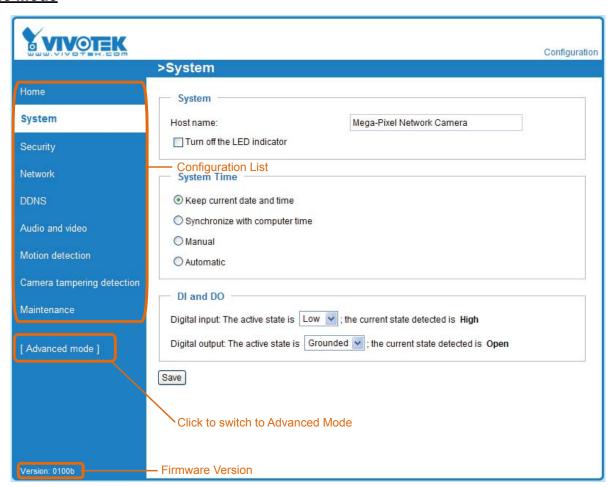
VIVOTEK offers an easy-to-use user interface that helps you set up your network camera with minimal effort. To simplify the setting procedure, two types of user interfaces are available: Advanced Mode for professional users and Basic Mode for entry-level users. Some advanced functions (HTTPS/ Access list/ Homepage layout/ Application/ Recording/ System log/ View parameters) are not displayed in Basic Mode.

If you want to set up advanced functions, please click [Advanced Mode] on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced Mode.

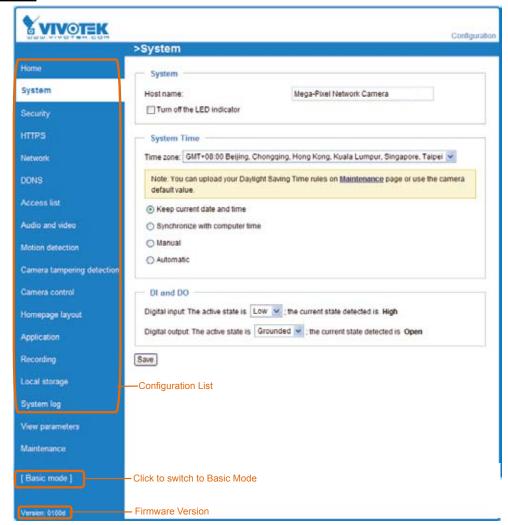
In order to simplify the user interface, the detailed information will be hidden unless you click on the function item. When you click on the first sub-item, the detailed information for the first sub-item will be displayed; when you click on the second sub-item, the detailed information for the second sub-item will be displayed and that of the first sub-item will be hidden.

The following is the interface of the Basic Mode and the Advanced Mode:

Basic Mode



Advanced Mode



Each function on the configuration list will be explained in the following sections. Those functions that are displayed only in Advanced Mode are marked with Advanced Mode. If you want to set up advanced functions, please click [Advanced Mode] on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch over.

System

This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the Network Camera, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following three columns: System, System Time and DI and DO. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** at the bottom of the page to enable the settings.

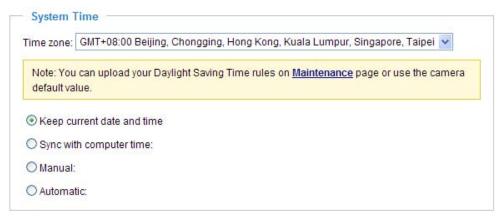
System



<u>Host name</u>: Enter a desired name for the Network Camera. The text will be displayed at the top of the main page.

<u>Turn off the LED indicators</u>: If you don't want to let others know that the network camera is working, you can select this option to turn off the LED indicators.

System Time



Keep current date and time: Select this option to preserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. The Network Camera's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

<u>Sync with computer time</u>: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

<u>Manual</u>: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

<u>Automatic</u>: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol which synchronizes computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

<u>NTP server</u>: Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default time servers.

<u>Update interval</u>: Select to update the time using the NTP server on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

<u>Time zone</u> Advanced Mode: Select the appropriate time zone from the list. If you want to upload Daylight Savings Time rules on the Maintenance page, please refer to Upload / Export Daylight Saving Time Configuration File on page 93 for details.

DI and DO



<u>Digital input</u>: Select High or Low to define normal status for the digital input. The Network Camera will report the current status.

<u>Digital output</u>: Select Grounded or Open to define normal status for the digital output. The Network Camera will show whether the trigger is activated or not.

Security

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

Root Password



The administrator account name is "root", which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in the Manage User column, please apply the password for the "root" account first.

- 1. Type the password identically in both text boxes, then click **Save** to enable password protection.
- 2. A window will be prompted for authentication; type the correct user's name and password in their respective fields to access the Network Camera.

Manage Privilege Manage Privilege Operator Viewer Digital Output: PTZ control: Allow anonymous viewing

<u>Digital Output & PTZ control</u>: You can modify the manage privilege of operators or viewers. Check or uncheck the item, then click **Save** to enable the settings. If you give Viewers the privilege, Operators will also have the ability to control the Network Camera through the main page. (Please refer to Main Page on page 17.)

Allow anonymous viewing: If you check this item, any client can access the live stream without entering a User ID and Password.

Manage User



Administrators can add up to 20 user accounts.

- 1. Input the new user's name and password.
- 2. Select the privilege level for the new user account. Click Add to enable the setting.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Though operators cannot access the Configurationpage, they can use the URL Commands to get and set the value of parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the Network Camera on page 96. Viewers access only the main page for live viewing.

Here you also can change a user's access rights or delete user accounts.

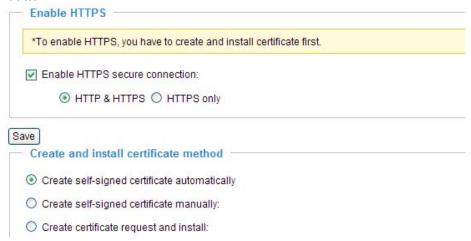
- 1. Select an existing account to modify.
- 2. Make necessary changes and click **Update** or **Delete** to enable the setting.

HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL) Advanced Mode

This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL (Secure Socket Layer). It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet on higher security level.

Enable HTTPS

Check this item to enable HTTPS communication, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only". Note that you have to create and install a certificate first in the second column before clicking the **Save** button.

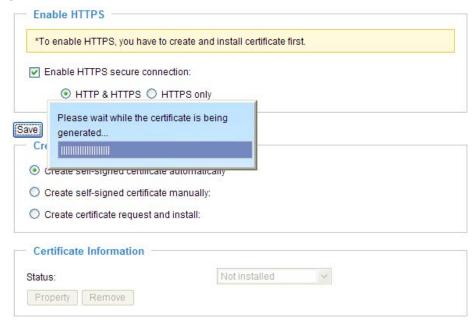


Create and Install Certificate Method

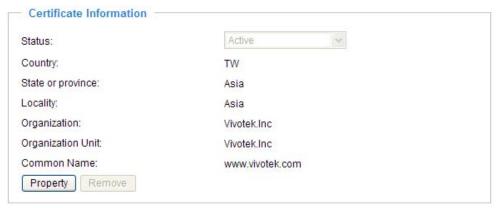
Before using HTTPS for communication with the Network Camera, a **Certificate** must be created first. There are three ways to create and install a certificate:

Create self-signed certificate automatically

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. In the first column, check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
- 3. Click **Save** to generate a certificate.



4. The Certificate Information will automatically de displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to view detailed information about the certificate.

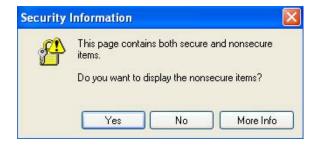


5. Click **Home** to return to the main page. Change the address from "<a href="http://" to "https://" in the address bar and press **Enter** on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click **OK** or **Yes** to enable HTTPS.

https://

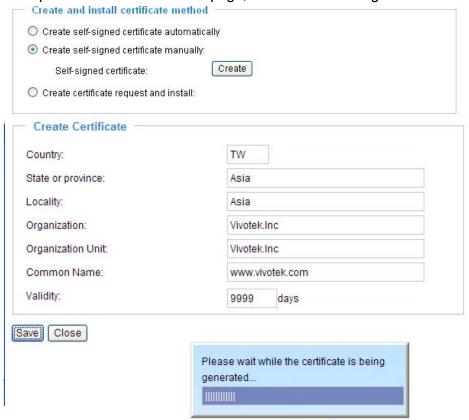






Create self-signed certificate manually

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.



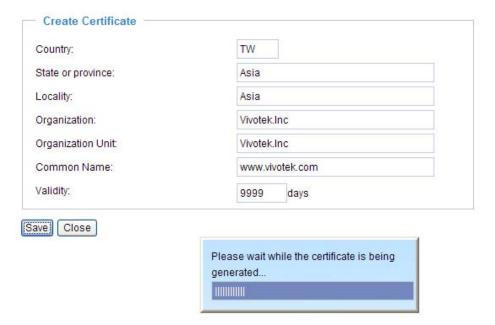
3. The Certificate Information will automatically be displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to see detailed information about the certificate.



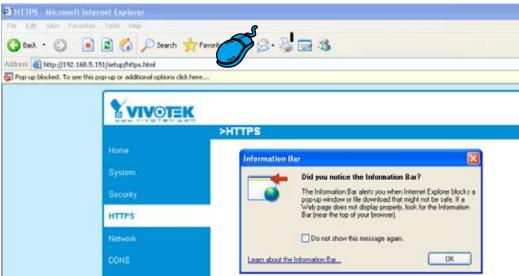
<u>Create certificate and install</u>: Select this option if you want to create a certificate from a certificate authority.

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

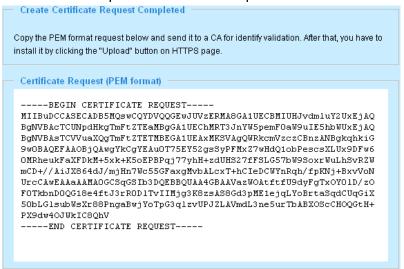




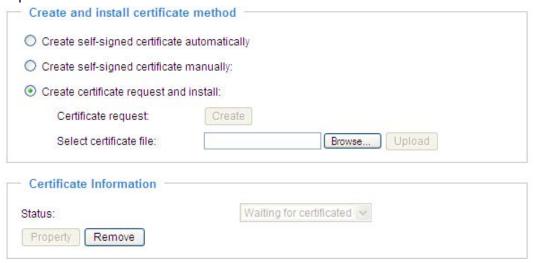
3. If you see the following Information bar, click **OK** and click on the Information bar on the top of the page to allow pop-ups.



4. The pop-up window shows an example of a certificate request.



5. Look for a trusted certificate authority that issues digital certificates. Enroll the Network Camera. Wait for the certificate authority to issue a SSL certificate; click Browse... to search for the issued certificate, then click Upload in the second column.

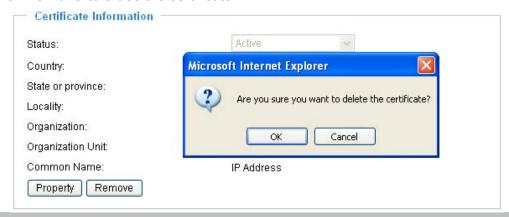


NOTE

- ► How do I cancel the HTTPS settings?
 - 1. Uncheck **Enable HTTPS secure connection** in the first column. and click **Save**; a warning dialog will pop up.
 - 2. Click OK to disable HTTPS.



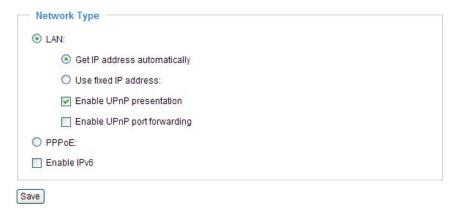
- 3. The webpage will redirect to a non-HTTPS page automatically.
- ▶ If you want to create and install other certificates, please remove the existing one. To remove the signed certificate, uncheck **Enable HTTPS secure connection** in the first column and click **Save**. Then click **Remove** to erase the certificate.



Network

This section explains how to configure a wired network connection for the Network Camera.

Network Type

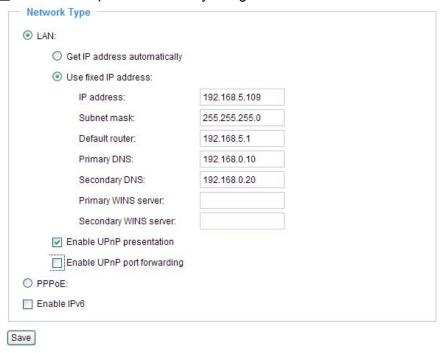


LAN

Select this option when the Network Camera is deployed on a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting for the Network Type is LAN. Rememer to click **Save** when you complete the Network setting.

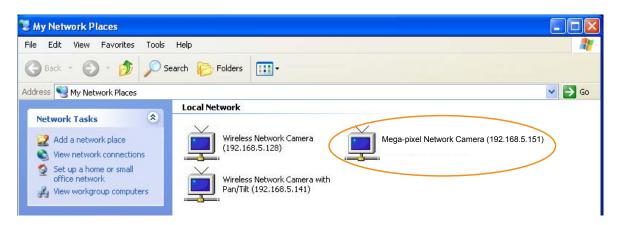
Get IP address automatically: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

Use fixed IP address: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera.



- 1. You can make use of VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 on the software CD to easily set up the Network Camera on LAN. Please refer to Software Installation on page 10 for details.
- 2. Enter the Static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, and Primary DNS provided by your ISP.

Enable UPnP presentation: Select this option to enable UPnPTM presentation for your Network Camera so that whenever a Network Camera is presented to the LAN, shortcuts of connected Network Cameras will be listed in My Network Places. You can click the shortcut to link to the web browser. Currently, UPnPTM is supported by Windows XP or later. Note that to utilize this feature, please make sure the UPnPTM component is installed on your computer.



<u>Enable UPnP port forwarding</u>: To access the Network Camera from the Internet, select this option to allow the Network Camera to open ports on the router automatically so that video streams can be sent out from a LAN. To utilize of this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnPTM and it is activated.

PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)

Select this option to configure your Network Camera to make it accessible from anywhere as long as there is an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your Network Camera's public IP address.

- 1. Set up the Network Camera on the LAN.
- 2. Go to Home > Configuration > Application > Server Settings (please refer to Server Settings on page 76) to add a new email or FTP server.
- 3. Go to Configuration > Application > Media Settings (please refer to Media Settings on page 79). Select System log so that you will receive the system log in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address in your email or on the FTP server.
- 4. Go to Configuration > Network > Network Type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to enable the setting.



- 5. The Network Camera will reboot.
- 6. Disconnect the power to the Network Camera; remove it from the LAN environment.

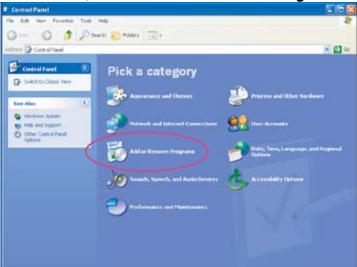
NOTE

- ▶ If the default ports are already used by other devices connected to the same router, the Network Camera will select other ports for the Network Camera.
- ► If UPnP[™] is not supported by your router, you will see the following message: Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.

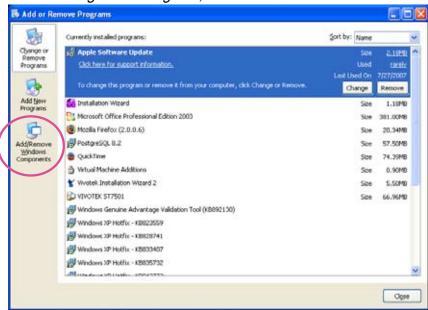
► Steps to enable the UPnP[™] user interface on your computer:

Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnP[™] components.

1. Go to Start, click Control Panel, then click Add or Remove Programs.

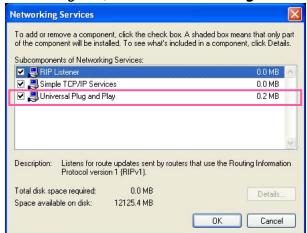


2. In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click Add/Remove Windows Components.



3. In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select Networking Services and click Details.





4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select Universal Plug and Play and click OK.

5. Click Next in the following window.



- 6. Click **Finish**. $UPnP^{TM}$ is enabled.
- ► How does UPnPTM work?

 UPnPTM networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available among each other without the need for cumbersome network configuration. In the case of Network Cameras, you will see Network Camera shortcuts under My Network Places.
- ▶ Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the Network Camera to open a secondary HTTP port on the router-not HTTP port-meaning that you have to add the secondary HTTP port number to the Network Camera's public address in order to access the Network Camera from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

From the Internet	In LAN
http://203.67.124.123:8080	http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

▶ If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or the Internet access is not working, restore the Network Camera to factory default; please refer to Restore on page 92 for details. After the Network Camera is reset to factory default, it will be accessible on the LAN.

Enable IPv6

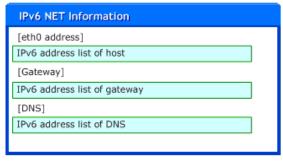
Select this option and click **Save** to enable IPv6 settings.

Please note that this only works if your network environment and hardware equipment support IPv6. The browser should be Microsoft® Internet Explorer 6.5, Mozilla Firefox 3.0 or above.



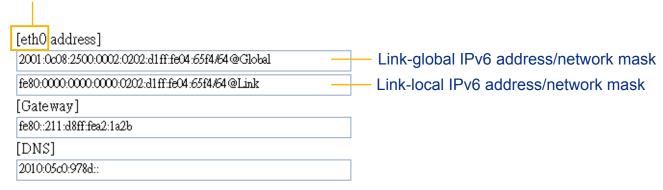
When IPv6 is enabled, by default, the network camera will listen to router advertisements and be assigned with a link-local IPv6 address accordingly.

IPv6 Information: Click this button to obtain the IPv6 information as shown below.



If your IPv6 settings are successful, the IPv6 address list will listed in the pop-up window. The IPv6 address will be displayed as follows:

Refers to Ethernet

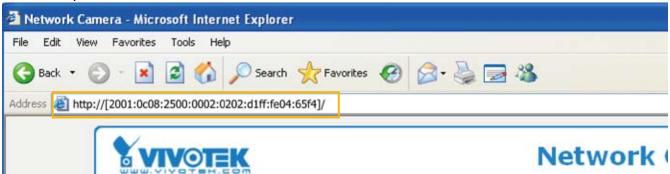


Please follow the steps below to link to an IPv6 address:

- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. Enter the link-global or link-local IPv6 address in the address bar of your web browser.
- 3. The format should be:



4. Press **Enter** on the keyboard or click **Refresh** button to refresh the webpage. For example:



NOTE

▶ If you have a Secondary HTTP port (the default value is 8080), you can also link to the webpage in the following address format: (Please refer to **HTTP** on page 38 for detailed information.)



► If you choose PPPoE as the Network Type, the [PPPo address] will show up in the IPv6 information column as below. [eth0 address]



Manually setup the IP address: Select this option to manually set up IPv6 settings if your network environment does not have DHCPv6 server and router advertisements-enabled routers. If you check this item, the following blanks will be displayed for you to enter the corresponding information:

| | Enable IPv6 |

IPv6 Information		
Manually setup the IP address		
Optional IP address / Prefix length	1	64
Optional default router		
Optional primary DNS		

HTTP Advanced Mode

To utilize HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 26 for details.



<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for an HTTP transaction: basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format and there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

<u>HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port</u>: By default, the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080. They can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:





To access the Network Camera on the LAN, both the HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the Network Camera. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

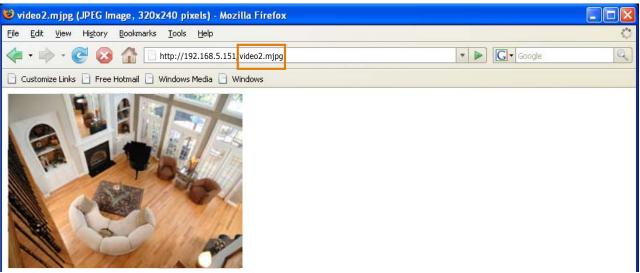
In LAN http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2: The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

When using Mozilla Firefox or Netscape to access the Network Camera and the video mode is set to JPEG, users will receive video comprised of continuous JPEG images. This technology, known as "server push", allows the Network Camera to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox and Netscape.

URL command -- http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2> For example, when the Access name for stream 2 is set to video2.mjpg:

- 1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
- 2. Type the URL command in the address bar. Press Enter.
- 3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.



NOTE

► Microsoft® Internet Explorer does not support server push technology; therefore, using http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2> will fail to access the Network Camera.

HTTPS



By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

Two way audio



By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The Network Camera supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client, to enable the two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" on the Audio and Video Settings page and the media option is set to "Video and Audio" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client Settings on page 21 and Audio and Video Settings on page 52.



Audio is being transmitted to the Network Camera



Click to enable audio transmission to the Network Camera; click to adjust the volume of microphone; click to turn off the audio. To stop talking, click again.





The FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. You can utilize VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade the firmware via FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21. It also can be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

RTSP Streaming

To utilize RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that you have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 26 for details.

— RTSP Streaming —————	
Authentication:	disable 💌
Access name for stream 1:	live.sdp
Access name for stream 2:	live2.sdp
RTSP port:	554
RTP port for video:	5556
RTCP port for video:	5557
RTP port for audio:	5558
RTCP port for audio:	5559
Multicast settings for stream 1:	
Multicast settings for stream 2:	
Save Save	

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic, and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format, but there can be potential risks of it being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm, thus providing better protection against unauthorized access.

The availability of the RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes is listed in the following table:

	Quick Time player	Real Player
Disable	0	0
Basic	0	0
Digest	0	X

Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2: This Network camera supports dual streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use an RTSP player to access the Network Camera, you have to set the video mode to MPEG-4 and use the following RTSP URL command to request transmission of the streaming data.

rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2>

For example, when the access name for stream 1 is set to live.sdp:

- 1. Launch an RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. Type the URL command in the text box. For example: -

4. The live video will be displayed in your player as shown below.





RTSP port /RTP port for video, audio/ RTCP port for video, audio

RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.

- The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video and audio data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556 and the RTP port for audio is set to 5558.
- The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the Network Camera to transmit the data by monitoring Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557 and the RTCP port for audio is set to 5559.

The five ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is the RTP port number plus one, and thus is always odd. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:



<u>Multicast settings for stream 1 / Multicast settings for stream 2</u>: Click the items to display the detailed configuration information. Select the Always multicast option to enable multicast for stream 1 or stream 2.

Multicast settings for stream 1:Always multicast	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.99
Multicast video port:	5560
Multicast RTCP video port:	5561
Multicast audio port:	5562
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5563
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15
Multicast settings for stream 2:Always multicast	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.100
Multicast video port:	5564
Multicast RTCP video port:	5565
Multicast audio port:	5566
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5567
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15

Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, enabling multicast can effectively save Internet bandwith.

The five ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and is thus always odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:

Multicast TTL [1~255]: The multicast TTL (Time To Live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

ox

DDNS

This section explains how to configure the dynamic domain name service for the Network Camera. DDNS is a service that allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service

Provider: Dyndns.org(Dyna	amic) 🐣
Host name:	
Hostifallie.	
User name:	
Password:	

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

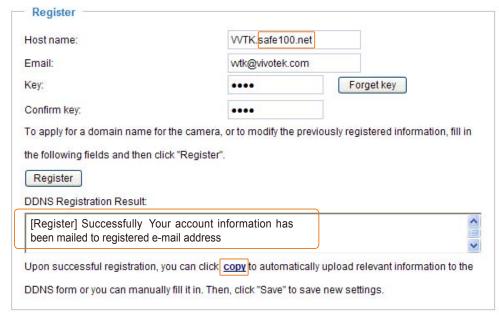
Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the provider drop-down list.

VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service, to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's Network Cameras from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org(Dynamic), Dyndns.org(Custom), TZO. com, DHS.org, CustomSafe100, dyn-interfree.it.

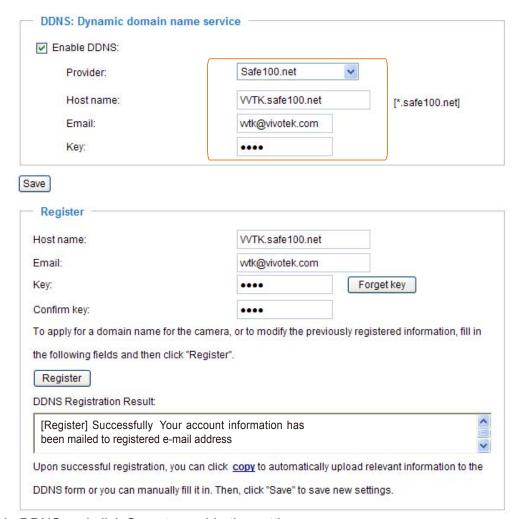
Note that before utilizing this function, please apply for a dynamic domain account first.

■ Safe100.net

- 1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key, and Confirm Key, and click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a success message will be displayed in the DDNS Registration Result column.



3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column at the top of the page as seen in the picture.



4. Select Enable DDNS and click Save to enable the setting.

■ CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish a CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

- 1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from the drop-down list.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Email, Key, and Confirm Key; then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a success message in the DDNS Registration Result column.
- 3. Click **Copy** and all for the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
- 4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

<u>Forget key</u>: Click this button if you have forgotten the key to Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

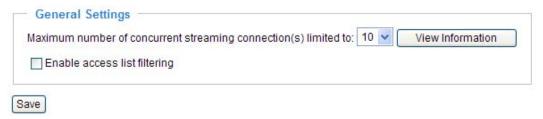
Refer to the following links to apply for a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:

- Dyndns.org(Dynamic) / Dyndns.org(Custom): visit http://www.dyndns.com/
- TZO.com: visit http://www.tzo.com/
- DHS.org: visit http://www.dhs.org/
- dyn-interfree.it: visit http://dyn-interfree.it/

Access List Advanced Mode

This section explains how to control access permission by verifying the client PC's IP address.

General Settings



Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to: Simultaneous live viewing for 1~10 clients (including stream 1 and stream 2). The default value is 10. If you modify the value and click **Save**, all current connections will be disconnected and automatically attempt to re-link (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>View Information</u>: Click this button to display the connection status window showing a list of the current

connections. For example:

Connection status						
	IP address	Elapsed time	User ID			
	192.168.1.147	12:20:34	root			
	61.22.15.3	00:10:09				
	192.168.3.25	45:00:34	greg			
Re	Refresh Add to deny list Disconnect					

- IP address: Current connections to the Network Camera.
- Elapsed time: How much time the client has been at the webpage.
- User ID: If the administrator has set a password for the webpage, the clients have to enter a user name and password to access the live video. The user name will be displayed in the User ID column. If the administrator allows clients to link to the webpage without a user name and password, the User ID column will be empty.

There are some situations which allow clients access to the live video without a user name and password:

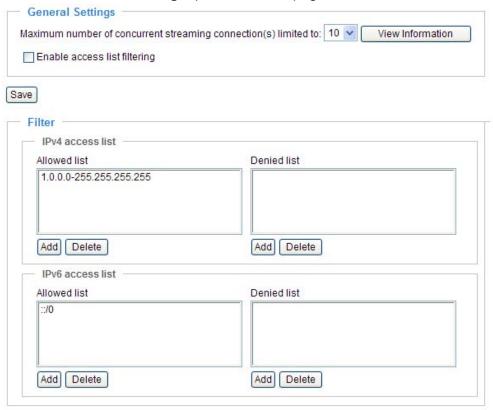
- 1. The administrator does not set up a root password. For more information about how to set up a root password and manage user accounts, please refer to Security on page 26.
- 2. The administrator has set up a root password, but set **RTSP Authentication** to "disable". For more information about **RTSP Authentication**, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41.
- 3. The administrator has set up a root password, but allows anonymous viewing. For more information about **Allow Anonymous Viewing**, please refer to Security on page 26.

- Refresh: Click this button to refresh all current connections.
- Add to deny list: You can select entries from the Connection Status list and add them to the Deny List to deny access. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player). If you want to enable the denied list, please check **Enable access list filtering** and click **Save** in the first column.
- Disconnect: If you want to break off the current connections, please select them and click this button. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>Enable access list filtering</u>: Check this item and click **Save** if you want to enable the access list filtering function.

Filter

There are two lists for permission control: Allowed list and Denied list. Only those clients whose IP addresses are on the Allowed list and not on the Denied list can access the Network Camera. Please note that the IPv6 access list column will not be displayed unless you enable IPv6 on the Network page. For more information about **IPv6 Settings**, please refer to page 36 for detailed information.



■ Add a rule to Allowed/Denied list: Click **Add** to add a rule to Allowed/Denied list.

There are three types of rules:

Single: This rule allows the user to add an IP address to the Allowed/Denied list.

For example:

<u>Network</u>: This rule allows the user to assign a network address and corresponding subnet mask to the Allow/Deny List.

For example:



IP address 192.168.2.x will be bolcked.

Range: This rule allows the user to assign a range of IP addresses to the Allow/Deny List. This rule is only applied to IPv4.

For example:

Rule: Range 💌				
IP address - IP address	192.168.2.0	-	192.168.2.255	

■ Delete Allowed/Denied list:

In the Delete Allowed List or Delete Denied List column, make a selection and click **Delete**.

NOTE

► For example, when the range of IP addresses in the allowed list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 192.255.255.255 and the range in the denied list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 170.255.255.255, only users' IP located between 171.0.0.0 and 192.255.255.255 can access the Network Camera.



Administrator IP address

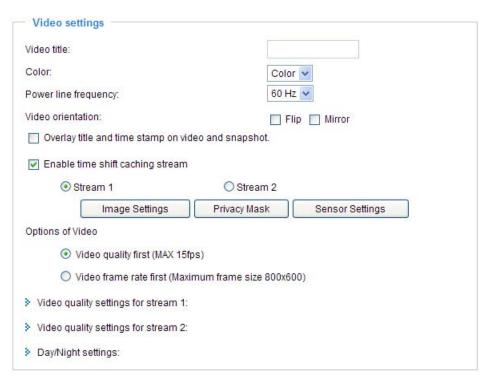
<u>Always allow the IP address to access this device</u>: You can check this item and add the Administrator's IP address in this field to make sure the Administrator can always connect to the device.

Administrator IP address	
Always allow the IP address to access this device	
Save	

Audio and Video

This section explains how to cofigure the audio and video settings of the Network Camera. It is composed of the following two columns: Video Settings and Audio Settings.

Video Settings



<u>Video title</u>: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video.



Color: Select to display color or black/white video streams.

<u>Power line frequency</u>: Set the power line frequency consistent with local utility settings to eliminate image flickering associated with fluorescent lights. Note that after the power line frequency is changed, you must disconnect and reconnect the power cord of the Network Camera in order for the new setting to take effect.

<u>Video orientation</u>: Flip--vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror--horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the Network Camera is installed upside-down (ex. on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation.

Overlay title and time stamp on video: Select this option to place the video title and time on the video streams.

Note that when the frame size is set to 176 x 144 as shown in the picture below, only the time will be

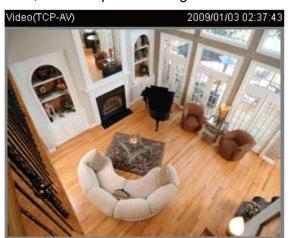
stamped on the video streams.

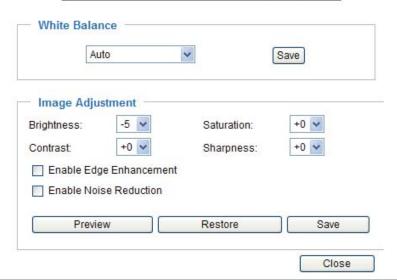


Enable time shift caching stream Advanced Mode: Check this item to enable the time shift cache stream on the Network Camera, which will enable pre-event recording for a few seconds depending on the cache memory of each Network Camera. Choose stream 1 or steam 2 for the time shift cache stream. This function is designed for VIVOTEK's ST7501 recording software.

Image Settings Advanced Mode

Click **Image settings** to open the Image Settings page. On this page, you can tune the White balance, Brightness, Saturation, Contrast, and Sharpness settings for the video.





White balance: Adjust the value for the best color temperature.

■ Auto

The Network Camera automatically adjusts the color temperature of the light in response to different light sources. The white balance setting defaults to **Auto** and works well in most situations.

■ Keep current value

Follow the steps below to manually set the white balance to compensate for the ambient lighting conditions.

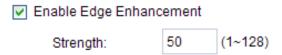
- 1. Set the White balance to **Auto** and click **Save**.
- 2. Place a sheet of white paper in front of the lens, then allow the Network Camera to adjust the color temperature automatically.
- 3. Select Keep Current Value to confirm the setting while the white balance is being measured.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the new setting.

Image Adjustment

- Brightness: Adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to -5.
- Saturation: Adjust the image saturation level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Sharpness: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.

Enable Edge Enhancement

Edge enhancement is an image processing filter that enhances the edge contrast of an image or video to improve its sharpness. Enter a value from 1 to 128 to set the degree of enhancement desired.



Enable Noise Reduction

Noise reduction is the process of removing noise from a signal. Select the type of noise to remove and enter a value from 1 to 63 to set the degree of enhancement required.



You can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the page.

Privacy Mask Advanced Mode

Click **Privacy Mask** to open the settings page. On this page, you can block out sensitive zones to address privacy concerns.

- To set the privacy mask windows, follow the steps below:
- 1. Click **New** to add a new window.
- 2. Use the mouse to size and drag-drop the window, which is recommended to be at least twice the size of the object (height and width) you want to cover.
- 3. Enter a Window Name and click **Save** to enable the setting.
- 4. Select **Enable privacy mask** to enable this function.

NOTE

- ▶ Up to 5 privacy mask windows can be set up on the same screen.
- ▶ If you want to delete the privacy mask window, please click the 'x' on the upper right-hand corner of the window.

Sensor Settings Advanced Mode

Click **Sensor Settings** to open the Sensor Settings page. On this page, you can set the maximum exposure time, exposure level, and AGC (Auto Gain Control) settings.

You can configure two sets of sensor settings: one for normal situations, the other for special situations, such as day/night/schedule mode.



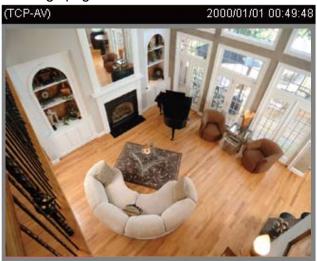


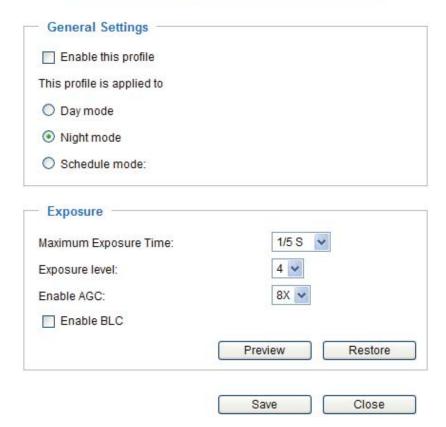
Exposure

- <u>Maximum Exposure Time</u>: Select a proper maximum exposure time according to the light source of the surroundings. The exposure times are selectable for the following durations: 1/120 second, 1/90 second, 1/30 second, 1/15 second, and 1/5 second. Shorter exposure times result in less light.
- <u>Exposure level</u>: You can manually set the Exposure level, which ranges from 1 to 8 (dark to bright). The default value is 4.
- Enable AGC (Auto Gain Control): You can manually set the AGC level (2X 4X, or 8X). The default value is 4X.
- <u>Enable BLC (Back Light Compensation)</u>: Enable this option when the object is too dark or too bright to recognize. It allows the camera to adjust to the best light conditions in any environment and automatically give the necessary light compensation.

You can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

If you want to configure another sensor setting for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Sensor Settings Profile Settings page as shown below.





Please follow the steps below to setup a profile:

- 1. Check **Enable this profile**.
- 2. Select the applied mode: Day mode, Night mode, or schedule mode. Please manually enter a range of time if you choose Schedule mode.
- 3. Configure Exposure settings in the second column. Please refer to last page for detailed information.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the page.

Options of Video

Choose either <u>Video quality first</u> or <u>Video frame rate first</u> for the video streams.

Note: Select <u>Video quality first</u> will reduce the maximum frame rate to 15 fps. Select <u>Video frame rate first</u> will limit the frame size to 800x600.

Options of Video

Video quality first (MAX 15fps)

Video frame rate first (Maximum frame size 800x600)

Video quality settings for stream 1 / stream 2 Advanced Mode

The Network Camera offers two choices of video compression standards for real-time viewing: MPEG-4 and MJPEG.

Click the items to display the detailed configuration settings. You can set up two seperate streams for the Network Camera for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers.

If MPEG-4 mode is selected, the video is streamed via RTSP protocol. There are four parameters provided in MPEG-4 mode which allow you to adjust the video performance:

w Video quality settings for stream 1:

● MPEG-4:	
Frame size:	1600x1200 🕶
Maximum frame rate:	15 fps 🔻
Intra frame period:	1/4 S 🕶
Video quality:	
O Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps 💌
Fixed quality:	Excellent
OJPEG:	

■ Frame size

Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: 176×144 , 320×240 , 640×480 , 800×600 , 1280×960 , and 1600×1200 .

■ Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps, and 30fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

■ Intra frame period

Determine how often to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following durations: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds, and 4 seconds.

■ Video quality

A complex scene generally produces a larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. Therefore, if **Constant bit rate** is selected, the bandwidth utilization is fixed at a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performance. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps, and 4Mbps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

On the other hand, if **Fixed quality** is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

If JPEG mode is selected, the Network Camera continuously sends JPEG images to the client, producing a moving effect similar to a filmstrip. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. Because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the client. There are three parameters provided in MJPEG mode to control the video performance:

✓ Video quality settings for stream 2:
○ MPEG-4:
④ JPEG:
Frame size:
Maximum frame rate:
15 fps
✓ Video quality:
Excellent

■ Frame size

Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: 176 x 144, 320 x 240, 640 x 480, 800 x 600, 1280 x 960, and 1600 x 1200.

■ Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps and 30fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

■ Video quality

The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

NOTE

- ► The Maximum frame rate for 1600 x 1200 is limited to 15fps.
- ▶ Video quality and fixed quality refers to the compression rate, so a lower will produce higher quality.

Day/Night Settings

w Day/Night settings:		
Switch to B/W in night r	node	
IR cut filter:	Auto mode	~
Light sensor sensitivity:	Normal 🗸	

Switch to B/W in night mode

Select this to enable the Network Camera to automatically switch to B/W during night mode.

IR cut filter

With a removable IR-cut filter, this Network Camera can automatically remove the filter let IR light into the sensor during low light conditions..

■ Auto mode

The Network Camera automatically removes the filter by judging the level of ambient light.

■ Day mode

In day mode, the Network Camera switches on the IR cut filter at all times to block infrared light from reaching the sensor so that the colors will not be distorted.

■ Night mode

In night mode, the Network Camera switches off the IR cut filter at all times for the sensor to accept infrared light, thus helping to improve low light sensitivity.

■ Schedule mode

The Network Camera switches between day mode and night mode based on a specified schedule. Enter the start and end time for day mode. Note that the time format is [hh:mm] and is expressed in 24-hour clock time. By default, the start and end time of day mode are set to 07:00 and 18:00.

Light sensor sensitivity

Select Low, Normal, or High sensitivity for the light sensor.

Audio Settings



<u>Mute</u>: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the Network Camera to all clients. Note that if mute mode is turned on, no audio data will be transmitted even if audio transmission is enabled on the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed:



<u>Internal microphone input gain</u>: Select the gain of the internal audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) ~ -33 db (least sensitive).

<u>External microphone input</u>: Select the gain of the external audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) or -33 db (least sensitive).

Audio type: Select audio codec AAC or GSM-AMR and the bit rate Advanced Mode

- AAC provides good sound quality at the cost of higher bandwidth consumption. The bit rates are selectable from: 16Kbps, 32Kbps, 48Kbps, 64Kbps, 96Kbps, and 128Kbps.
- GSM-ARM is designed to optimize speech quality and requires less bandwidth. The bit rates are selectable from: 4.75Kbps, 5.15Kbps, 5.90Kbps, 6.7Kbps, 7.4Kbps, 7.95Kbps,10.2Kbps, and 12.2Kbps.

When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings.

NOTE

► The Network Camera offers two inputs to capture audio - internal microphone or external microphone. The internal/external microphone switch is located on the back panel of the Network Camera.

Motion Detection

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured.



Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

- 1. Click **New** to add a new motion detection window.
- 2. In the Window Name text box, enter a name for the motion detection window.
 - To move and resize the window, drag and drop your mouse on the window.
 - To delete window, click X on the top right corner of the window.
- 3. Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slider bar.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the settings.
- 5. Select **Enable motion detection** to enable this function.

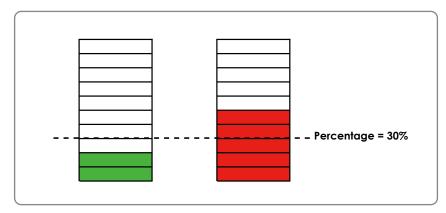
For example:

☑ Enable motion detection

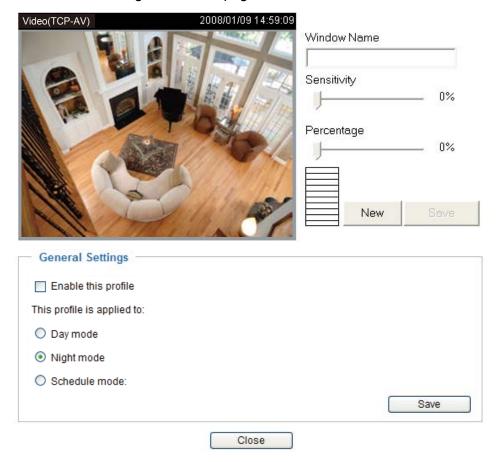


The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the variation between sequential images. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are judged to exceed the defined threshold, the red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to be sent to a remote server (Email, FTP) by utilizing this feature as a trigger source. For more information on how to set an event, please refer to Application on page 70.

A green bar indicates that even though motions have been detected, the event has not been triggered because the image variations still fall under the defined threshold.



If you want to configure another motion detection setting for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Motion Detection Profile Settings page as shown below. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured on this page as well.



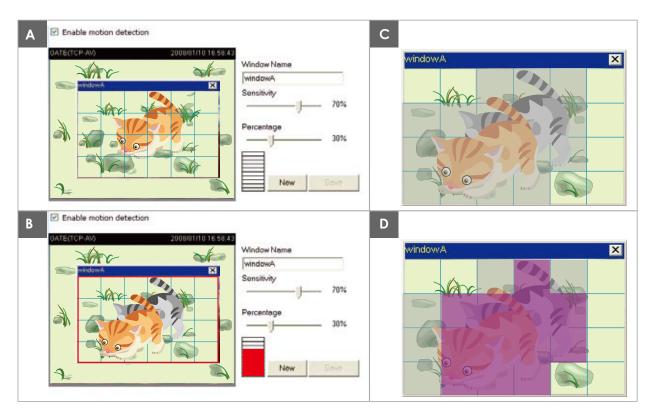
Please follow the steps bellw to set up a profile:

- 1. Create a new motion detection window.
- 2. Check **Enable this profile**.
- 3. Select the applicable mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a time range if you choose Schedule mode.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

This motion detection window will also show up on the Event Settings page. You can go to Application > Event Settings > Trigger to choose it as a trigger source. Please refer to page 72 for detailed information.

NOTE

► How does motion detection work?



There are two motion detection parameters: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C) and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to detect slight movements while smaller sensitivity settings will neglect them. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

For applications that require a high level of security management, it is suggested to use higher sensitivity settings and smaller percentage values.

Camera Tampering Detection

This section explains how to set up camera temper detection. With tamper detection, the camera is capable of detecting incidents such as **redirection**, **blocking or defocusing**, or even **spray paint**.



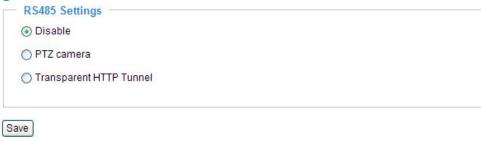
Please follow the steps below to set up the camera tamper detection function:

- 1. Check Enable camera tampering detection.
- 2. Enter the tamper trigger duration. (10 sec. ~ 10 min.) The tamper alarm will be triggered only when the tampering factor (the difference between current frame and pre-saved background) exceeds the trigger threshold.
- 3. Set up the event source as Camera Tampering Detection on Application page > Event Settings / Server Settings (how to send alarm message) / Media Settings (send what type of alarm message). Please refer to page 76 for detailed information.

Camera Control

This section explains how to control the Network Camera's Pan/Tilt/Zoom operation by connecting to a PTZ driver or scanner via RS485 interface.

RS485 Settings



Disable: Select this option to disable this function.

PTZ camera: Select this option to enable PTZ operation.

To utilize this feature, please connect the Network Camera to a PTZ driver or scanner via RS485 interface first. Then you can configure the PTZ driver and RS485 port with the following settings.

PTZ camera	
Transparent HTTP Tunnel	
Camera ID	1
PTZ driver:	None
Port settings:	
Baud rate:	9600
Data bits:	8 🕶
Stop bits:	1 🗸
Parity bit:	none 💌
Preset Position Cus	om Command

VIVOTEK offers three PTZ drivers: DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, and Pelco D protocol. If none of the above PTZ drivers is supported by your PTZ scanner, please select **Custom camera** (scanner). Please refer to the user's manual of your PTZ scanner to determine the Camera ID, PTZ driver, and Port settings. The Camera ID is necessary to control multiple cameras. If you click **Save** to enable this function, the camera control panel will be displayed on the main page. Please refer to the illustration on page 64.

<u>Transparent HTTP Tunnel</u>: If you want to use your own RS-485 device, you can use UART commands to build a Transparent HTTP Tunnel. The UART commands will be sent through HTTP tunnel established between the RS-485 device and the linked camera. For detailed application notes, please refer to URL Commands on page 96 or http://www.vivotek.com/downloadfiles/faq/videoserver/UART_HTTP_Tunnel.pdf.

Transparent HTTP Tunnel

Port settings:

Baud rate:

Data bits:

Stop bits:

Parity bit:

none

Preset Positions

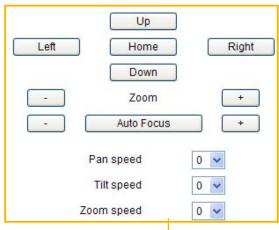
If you select DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, or Pelco D protocol as the PTZ driver and click the **Save** button, the **Preset Position** button will be enabled. Click **Preset Position** to open the settings page. You can also select preset positions for the camera to patrol. A total of 20 preset positions can be configured.

Please follow the steps below to preset a position:

- 1. Adjust the shooting area to the desired position using the buttons on the right side of the window.
- 2. Enter a name for the preset position, which allows for up to forty characters. Click **Add** to enable the settings. The preset positions will be displayed under the Preset Location list on the left-hand side.
- 3. To add additional preset positions, please repeat steps 1~2.
- 4. To remove a preset position from the list, select it from the drop-down list and click **Delete**.
- 5. You can click "Go to" to aim the camera at a preset position, which will also displayed on the main page. Please refer to the illustration on the next page.
- 6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Save

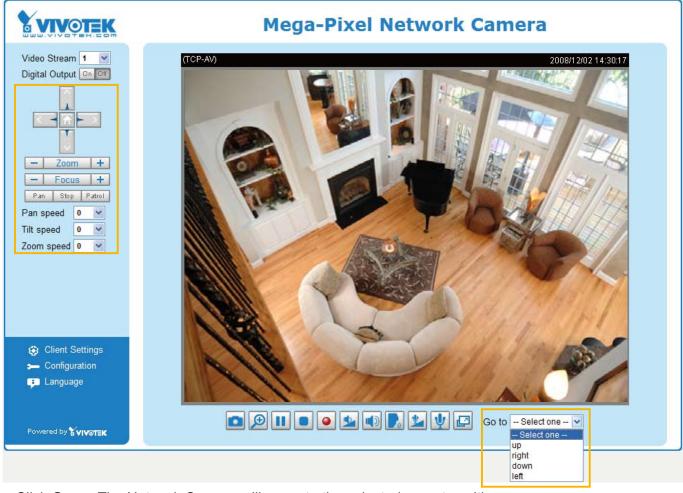




1 Functions are the same as the Control Panel on the home page



■ The Camera Control Panel and Preset Positions will be displayed on the home page:



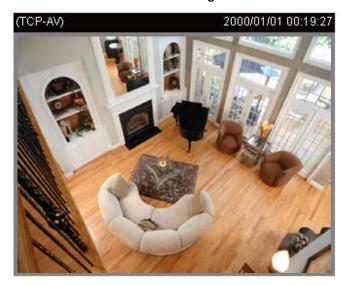
■ Click **Go to**: The Network Camera will move to the selected preset position.

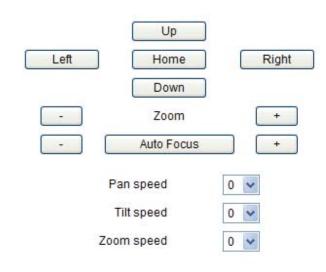
Patrol Settings

You can also select preset positions for the Network Camera to patrol.

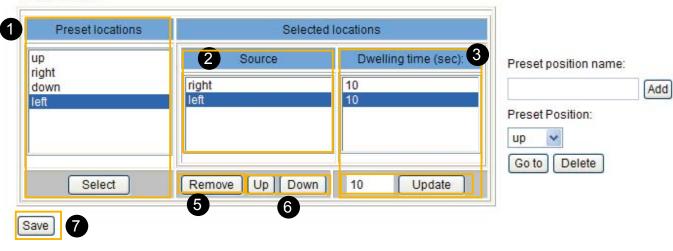
Please follow the steps below to set up a patrol schedule:

- 1. Click a preset location on the list and click **Select**.
- 2. The selected preset location will be displayed on the **Source** list.
- 3. Set the **Dwelling time** for the preset location during auto patrol. You can also manually enter a value in the blank and click **Update**.
- 4. Repeat step 1 and 3 to select additional preset locations.
- 5. If you want to delete a selected location, select it from the Source list and click **Remove**.
- 6. Select a location and click **Up** or **Down** to rearrange the patrol order.
- 7. Click **Save** to enable the settings.





Patrol selection:



Close

Custom Command

If Custom Camera (scanner) is selected as the PTZ driver, the Preset Position and PTZ Control Panel on the main page will be disabled. You will need to configure command buttons to control the PTZ scanner. Click Custom Command to open the Custom Command page to set the commands in the Control Settings session. Please refer to your PTZ scanner user's manual to enter the commands in the following fields. Click Save to enable the settings and click Close to exit the page.

Control settings	s:		
Up			<u>NOTE</u>
Down			►If you select DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin
Left			PÍH-7x00, or Pelco D protocol as the PT2
Right			driver, the Control Settings column will not be displayed.
Home			be displayed.
Zoom in			
Zoom ou	ut		
Closer fo	ocus		
More dis	stant focus		
Auto Foo	cus		For all DTZ drivers a total of five additional
Leaving the "Bu displayed in the		eans the command button will not be	► For all PTZ drivers, a total of five additional command buttons can be configured.
	Button name	Command	
Command 1:	Upleft		
Command 2:	Upright		
Command 3:	Downleft		
Command 4:	Downright		
Command 5:			
	Save Close		

▶ The command buttons will be displayed on the main page:



Homepage Layout Advanced Mode

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

Preview

This column shows the settings of your hompage layout. You can manually select the background and font colors in Theme Options (the third column on this page). The settings will be displayed automatically in this Preview field. The following shows the homepage using the default settings:



Logo

Here you can change the logo at the top of your homepage.

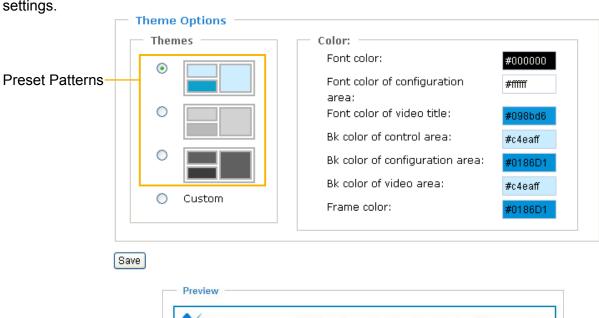


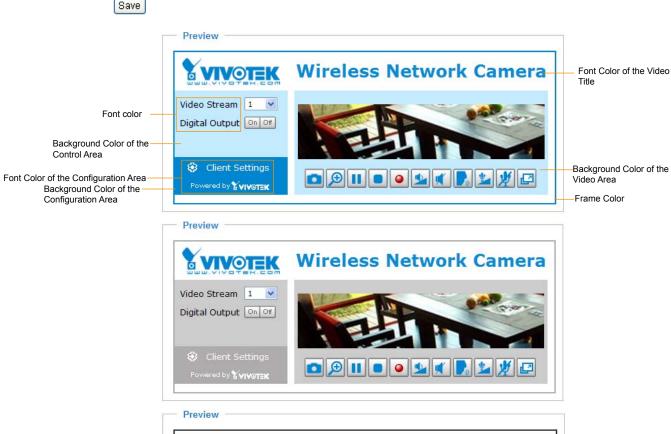
Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:

- 1. Click **Custom** and the Browse field will appear.
- 2. Select a logo from your files.
- 3. Click **Upload** to replace the existing logo with a new one.
- 4. Enter a website link if necessary.
- 5. Click Save to enable the settings.

Theme Options

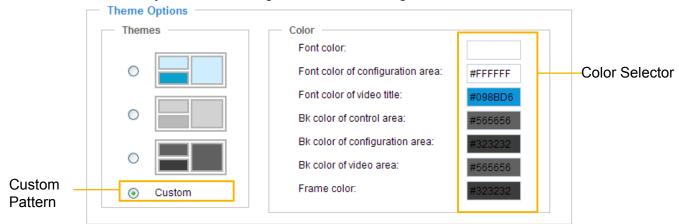
Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three types of preset patterns for you to choose from. The new layout will simultaneously appear in the **Preview** filed. Click **Save** to enable the settings.



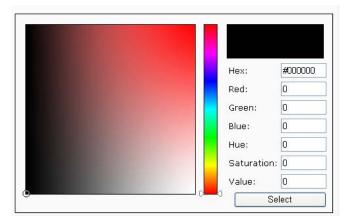


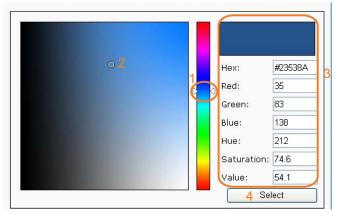


- Follow the steps below to set up the customed homepage:
- 1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
- 2. Click the field where you want to change the color on the right column.



3. The palette window will pop up as shown below.



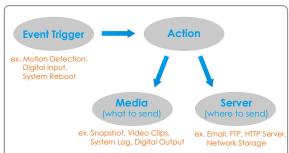


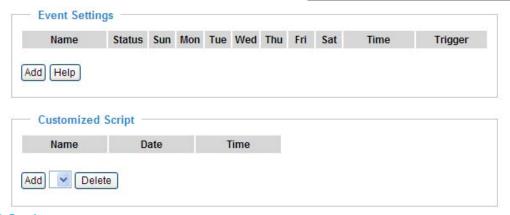
- 4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
- 5. The selected color will show up in the corresponding fields and in the **Preview** column.
- 6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Application Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to responds to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to an FTP server or e-mail address as notifications.

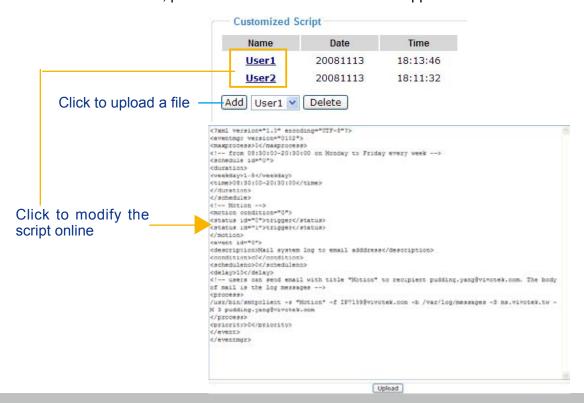
In the illustation on the right, an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what type of action that will be performed. You can configure the Network Camera to send snapshots or videos to your email address or FTP site.





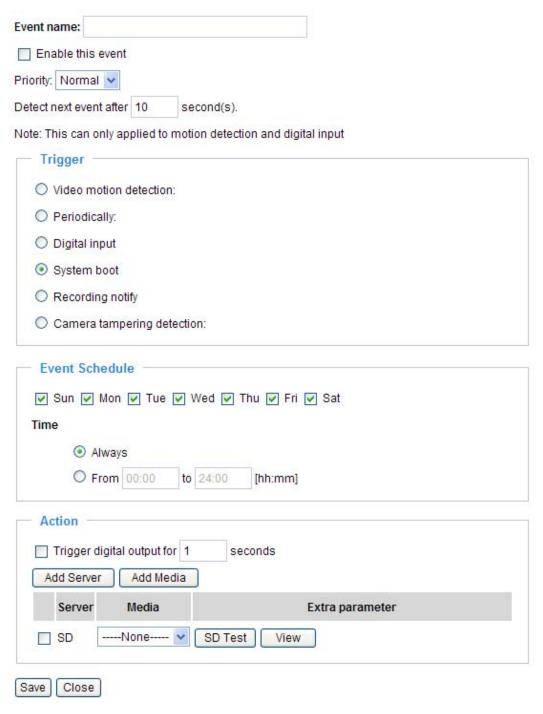
Customized Script

This function allows you to upload a sample script (.xml file) to the webpage, which will save your time on configuring the settings. Please note that there is a limited number of customized scripts you can upload; if the current amount of customized scripts has reached the limit, an alert message will pop up. If you need more information, please ask for VIVOTEK technical support.



Event Settings

In the **Event Settings** column, click **Add** to open the **Event Settings** page. On this page, you can arrange three elements -- Trigger, Schedule, and Action to set an event. A total of 3 event settings can be configured.



Event name: Enter a name for the event setting.

Enable this event: Select this option to enable the event setting.

<u>Priority</u>: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with a higher priority setting will be executed first.

<u>Detect next event after \sqrt{seconds}</u>: Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection after a motion is detected.

An event is an action initiated by a user-defined trigger source; it is the causal arrangement of the following three elements: Trigger, Event Schedule, and Action.

Trigger

This is the cause or stimulus which defines when to trigger the Network Camera. The trigger source can be configured to use the Network Camera's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital input devices

There are several choices of trigger sources as shown below. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options.

■ Video motion detection

This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure a Motion Detection Window first. For more information, please refer to Motion Detection on page 58 for details.

Trigger —
Video motion detection:
Normal:
Floille. 1 2 3
Note: Please configure <u>Motion detection</u> first
O Periodically:
O Digital input
O System boot
Recording notify
Camera tampering detection:

■ Periodically

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. Up to 999 minutes are allowed.

Trigger —
99
O Video motion detection:
Periodically:
Trigger every other 1 minutes
O Digital input
O System boot
Recording notify
Camera tampering detection:

■ Digital input

This option allows the Network Camera to use an external digital input device or sensor as a trigger source. Depending on your application, there are many choices of digital input devices on the market which helps to detect changes in temperature, vibration, sound and light, etc.

■ System boot

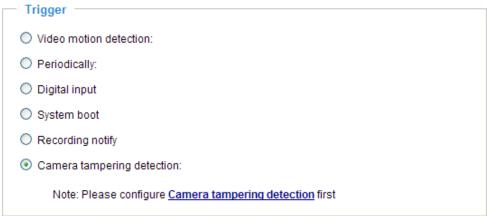
This option triggers the Network Camera when the power to the Network Camera is disconnected.

■ Recording notify

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the recording disk is full or when recording starts to rewrite older data. If you want receive **Recording notify message**, please refer to page 81 for detailed information.

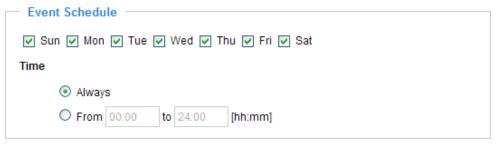
■ Camera tampering detection

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the camera detects that is is being tampered with. To enable this function, you need to configure the Tampering Detection option first. Please refer to page 61 for detailed information.



Event Schedule

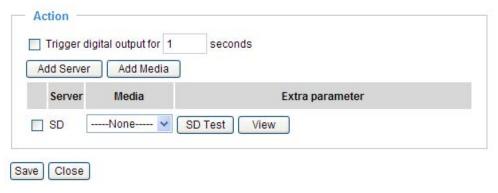
Specify the period for the event.



- Select the days of the week.
- Select the recording schedule in 24-hr time format.

Action

Define the actions to be performed by the Network Camera when a trigger is activated.



■ Trigger digital output for □ seconds
Select this option to turn on the external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length of the trigger interval in the text box.

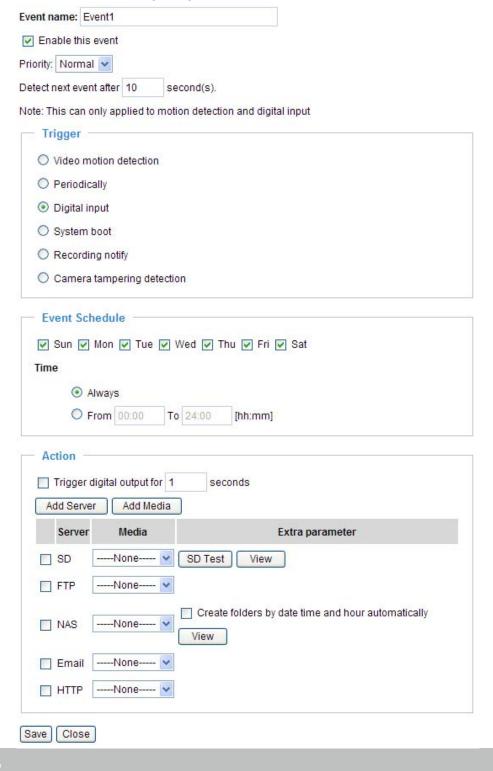
To set an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings so that the Network Camera will know what action to take (such as which server to send the media files to) when a trigger is activated.

■ Add Server / Add Media

Click **Add Server** to configure Server Settings. For more information, please refer to Server Settings on page 76.

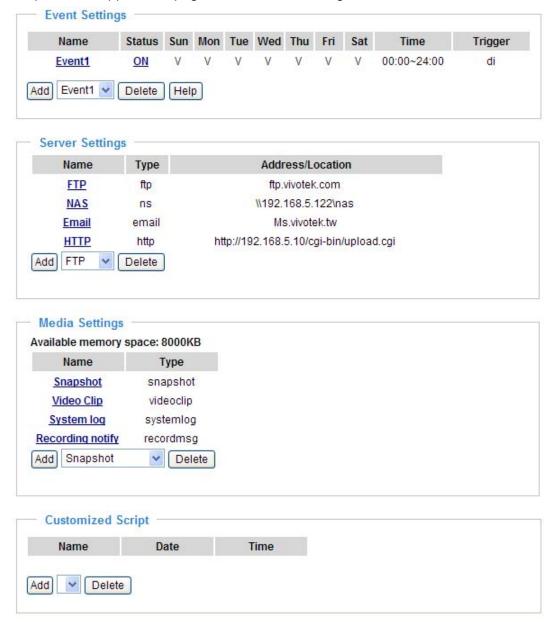
Click **Add Media** to configure Media Settings. For more information, please refer to Media Settings on page 79.

Here is an example of the Event Settings page:



When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit Event Settings page. The new event settings / server settings / media settings will appear in the event drop-down list on the Application page.

Here is an example of the Application page with an event setting:



When the Event Status is **ON**, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the Network Camera will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click **ON** to turn it to **OFF** status or click **Delete** to remove the event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the server setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the media setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

Server Settings

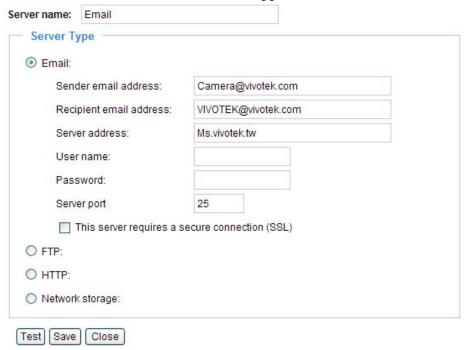
Click **Add Server** on Event Settings page to open the Server Setting page. On this page, you can specify where the notification messages are sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.

Server Type

There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Email: Select to send the media files via email when a trigger is activated.



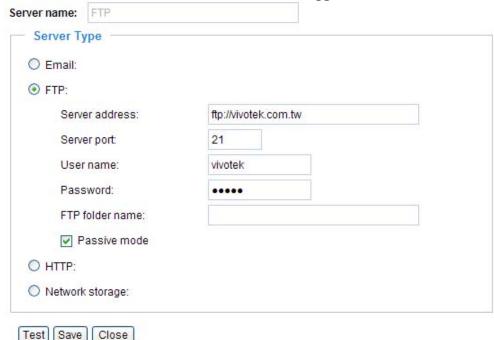
- Sender email address: Enter the email address of the sender.
- Recipient email address: Enter the email address of the recipient.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.
- User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.
- Server port: The defualt mail server port is set to 25. You can also manually set another port.

If your SMTP server requires a secure connection (SSL), check **This server requires a secure** connection (SSL).

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click Test. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If successful, you will also receive an email indicating the result.



Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.



FTP: Select to send the media files to an FTP server when a trigger is activated.

- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.
- Server port

 By default, the FTP server port is set to 21. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.
- User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.
- Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.
- Remote folder name Enter the folder where the media file will be placed. If the folder name does not exist, the Network Camera will create one on the FTP server.
- Passive Mode

Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as shown below. If successful, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.



Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

HTTP: Select to send the media files to an HTTP server when a trigger is activated.



- URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.
- User name: Enter the user name if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password if necessary.

To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.

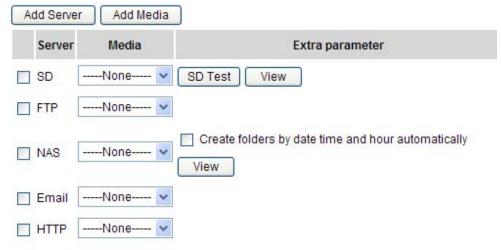


Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>Network storage</u>: Select to send the media files to a network storage location when a trigger is activated. Please refer to **Network Storage Setting** on page 83 for details.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

When completed, the new server settings will automatically show up on the Event Settings page. For example:



Media Settings

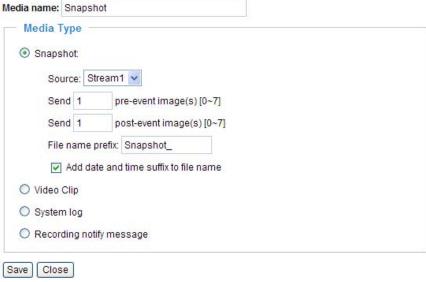
Click **Add Media** on the Event Settings page to open the Media Settings page. On this page, you can specify the type of media that will be sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured.

Media name: Enter a name for the media setting.

Media Type

There are three choices of media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Snapshot: Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.



- Source: Select to take snapshots from stream 1 or stream 2.
- Send ☐ pre-event images
 The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to capture before a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.
- Send ☐ post-event images

 Enter a number to decide how many images to capture after a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

For example, if both the Send pre-event images and Send post-event images are set to 7, a total of 15 images are generated after a trigger is activated.



- File Name Prefix
 Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.
- Add date and time suffix to the file name Select this option to add a date/time suffix to the file name. For example:

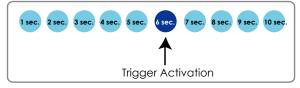


Click Save to enable the settings, then click Close to exit the page.

Video Clip: Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.



- Source: Select to record video clips from stream 1 or stream 2.
- Pre-event recording The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before a trigger is activated. Up to 9 seconds can be set.
- Maximum duration Specify the maximum recording duration in seconds. Up to 10 seconds can be set. For example, if pre-event recording is set to five seconds and the maximum duration is set to ten seconds, the Network Camera continues to record for another 4 seconds after a trigger is activated.



- Maximum file size Specify the maximum file size allowed.
- File Name Prefix Enter the text that will appended to the front of the file name.

For example:



Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

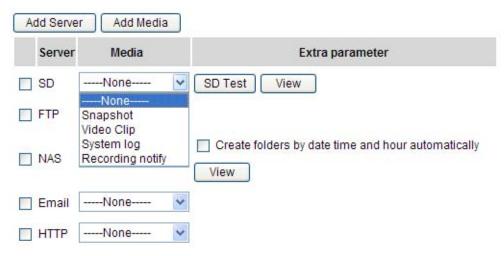
<u>System log</u>: Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated. Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>Recording notify message</u>: Select to send a recording notification message when a trigger is activated. The following is an example of a recording notification message (.txt file), which shows a list of deleted previously-recorded data due to cycle recording.

```
recording_20081111.log - Notepad
                                                                                                                                                                                                        File Edit Format View Help
Tue Nov 11 15:04:35 UTC 2008
Tue Nov 11 15:04:40 UTC 2008
Tue Nov 11 15:04:46 UTC 2008
Tue Nov 11 15:04:53 UTC 2008
Tue Nov 11 15:04:53 UTC 2008
                                                       [recording_i0]
                                                                                  {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/13 Size:39491 KB}
{File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/14 Size:314453 KB
{File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/15 Size:316002 KB
                                                                                                                                                                                          was deleted.
                                                        recording_i0]
recording_i0]
                                                                                                                                                                                    KB
                                                                                                                                                                                            was
                                                                                                                                                                                                   deleted.
                                                         recording_i0]
                                                                                                                              ink3/20081110/16
                                                                                                                                                              size:317837
                                                                                    File
                                                                                             Name:/mnt/samba/
                                                                                                                                                                                    KB
                                                                                                                                                                                            was
                                                                                                                                                                                                    deleted.
Tue Nov 11 15:05:00
Tue Nov 11 15:05:06
                                                                                             Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/17
Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/18
                                     UTC
UTC
                                            2008
2008
                                                        recording_i0]
recording_i0]
                                                                                                                                                             Size:314446
Size:319385
                                                                                    File
                                                                                                                                                                                    KB
                                                                                                                                                                                            Was
                                                                                                                                                                                                    deleted.
                                                                                    File
                                                                                                                                                                                                    deleted.
                                                                                                                                                                                    KB
                                                                                                                                                                                            was
                                                                                    File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/19
File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/20
File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/20
File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/22
File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/23
File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081111/00
Tue Nov 11 15:05:12
Tue Nov 11 15:05:18
                                     UTC
                                            2008
2008
                                                        recording_i0]
recording_i0]
                                                                                                                                                             Size:353814
Size:361501
                                                                                                                                                                                                   deleted.
                                                                                                                                                                                            was
                                                                                                                                                                                    KB
                                                                                                                                                                                    KB
                                                                                                                                                                                            was
                                                         recording_i0
recording_i0
Tue Nov
              11 15:05:24
                                     UTC
                                             2008
                                                                                                                                                              size:359323
                                                                                                                                                                                                    deleted.
Tue Nov 11 15:05:30 UTC
Tue Nov 11 15:06:31 UTC
Tue Nov 11 15:06:37 UTC
                                            2008
2008
2008
                                                                                                                                                              size:288818
                                                                                                                                                                                    KB
                                                                                                                                                                                            was
                                                                                                                                                                                                   deleted.
                                                        recording_i0]
                                                                                                                                                             size:207849
                                                                                                                                                                                                   deleted.
                                                                                                                                                                                            was
Tue Nov 11 15:06:37 UTC
Tue Nov 11 15:06:43 UTC
                                                        recording_i0]
                                                                                                                                                             Size:207930
                                                                                                                                                                                    KB
                                                                                                                                                                                            was
                                                                                                                                                                                                   deleted.
                                                                                  {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081111/01 Size:204354 KB}
                                            2008
                                                       [recording_i0]
                                                                                                                                                                                            was deleted.
```

When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit this page. The new media settings will appear on the Event Settings page.

You can continue to select a server and media type for the event. Please go back to page 66 for detailed information.

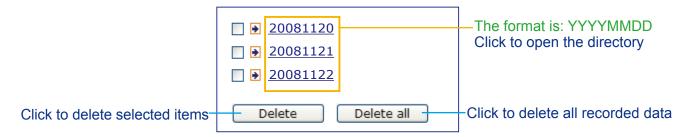


- SD Test: Click to test your SD card. The system will display a message indicating success or failure. If you want to use your SD card for local storage, please format it before use. Please refer to page 83 for detailed information.
- Create folders by date, time, and hour automatically: If you check this item, the system will generate folders automatically by date.
- Folder: You can assign a preset folder on the SD card for local storage.
- View: Click this button to open a file list window. This function is only for **SD card** and **Network Storage**.

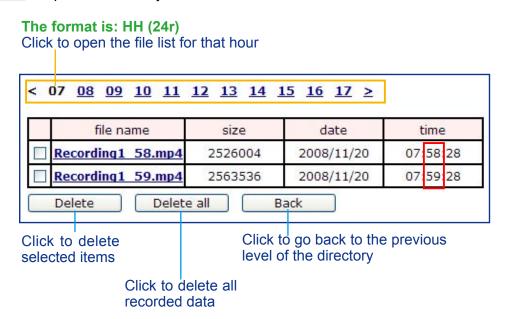
If you click **View** button of SD card, a **Local storage** page will pop up for you to manage recorded files on SD card. For more information about Local storage, please refer to page 86 for illustration.

If you click **View** button of Network storage, a **file directory window** will pop up for you to view recorded data on Network storage. For detailed illustration, please refer to next page.

The following is an example of a file destination with video clips:



Click **20081120** to open the directory:





The format is: File name prefix + Minute (mm)
You can set up the file name prefix on Media Settings page.
Please refer to page 79 for detailed information.

Recording Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Network Camera.

Recording Settings



Insert your SD card and click here to test

NOTE

- ▶ Before setting up this page, please set up the Network Storage on the Server Settings page first.
- ▶ Please remember to format your SD card when using for the first time. Please refer to page 86 for detailed information.

Network Storage Setting

For example:

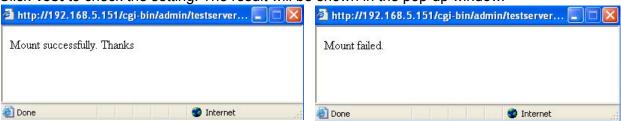
Click Server to open the Server Settings page and follow the steps below to set up:

1. Fill in the information for your server.

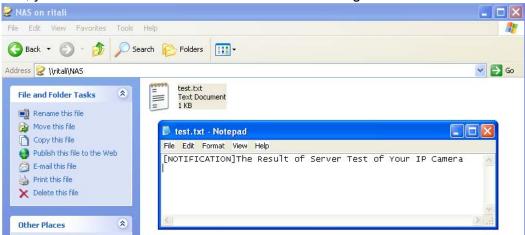
>Server Settings

Server name: Server Type O Email: O FTP: Network storage path (\\server name or IP address\folder name) O HTTP: Network storage: \\192.168.5.122\nas Network storage location: (For example: \\my_nas\disk\folder) Workgroup: vivotek User name: ritali Password: Test Save Close User name and password for your server

2. Click **Test** to check the setting. The result will be shown in the pop-up window.



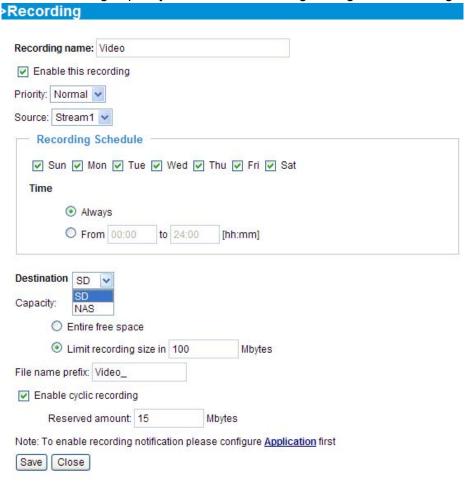
If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the network storage server.



- 3. Enter a server name.
- 4. Click **Save** to complete the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

Recording Settings

Click **Add** to open the recording setting page. In this page, you can define the recording source, recording schedule and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.



Recording name: Enter a name for the recording setting.

<u>Enable this recording</u>: Select this option to enable video recording.

Priority: Select the relative importance of this recording setting (High, Normal, and Low).

Source: Select the recording source (stream 1 or stream 2).

Recording Schedule: Specify the recording duration.

- Select the days of the week.
- Select the recording start and end times in 24-hr time format.

<u>Destination</u>: You can select the SD card or network storage that was set up for the recorded video files.

<u>Capacity</u>: You can choose either the entire free space available or limit the recording size. The recording size limit must be larger than the reserved amount for cyclic recording.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

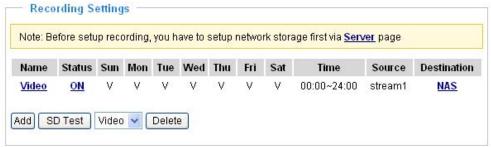
<u>Enable cyclic recording</u>: If you check this item, when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one. The reserved amount is reserved for cyclic recording to prevent malfunction. This value must be larger than 15 MBytes.

If you want to enable recording notification, please click **Application** to set up. Please refer to **Trigger > Recording notify** on page 73 for detailed information.

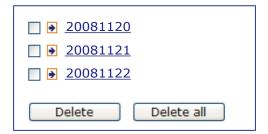
When completed, select **Enable this recording**. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit this page. When the system begins recording, it will send the recorded files to the Network Storage. The new recording name will appear in the drop-down list on the recording page as shown below.

To remove a recording setting from the list, select a recording name from the drop-down list and click

Delete.

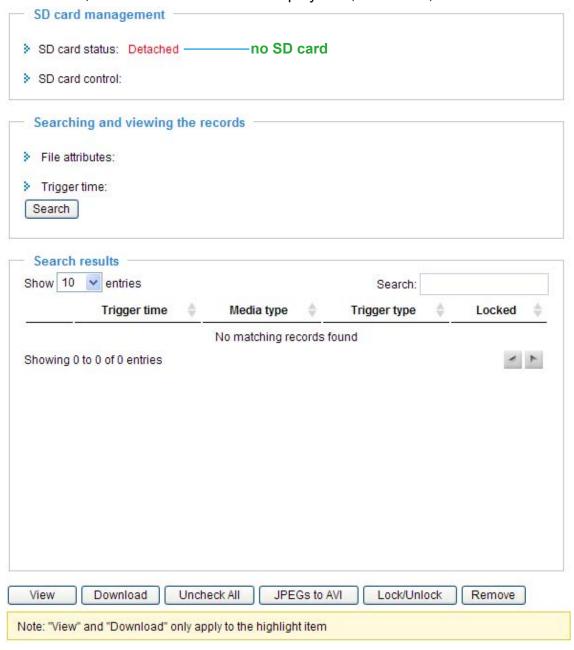


- Click <u>Video</u> (Name): Opens the Recording Settings page to modify.
- Click ON (Status): The Status will become OFF and stop recording.
- Click NAS (Destination): Opens the file list of recordings as shown below. For more information about folder naming rules, please refer to page 82 for details.



Local Storage Advanced Mode

This section explains how to manage the local storage on the Network Camera. Here you can view SD card status, search for recorded files to playback, download, etc.



SD Card Management

<u>SD card status</u>: This column shows the status and reserved space of your SD card. Please remember to format the SD card when using for the first time.



SD card control

■ Enable cyclic storage: Check this item if you want to enable cyclic recording. When the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one.

SD card control:		
Enable cyclic storage		
Enable automatic disk cleanup		
Maximum duration for keeping files:	7	days
Save		

■ Enable automatic disk cleanup: Check this item and enter the number of days you wish to retain a file. For example, if you enter "7 days", the recorded files will be stored on the SD card for 7 days.

Click **Save** to enable your settings.

Searching and Viewing the Records

This column allows the user to set up search criteria for recorded data. If you do not select any criteria and click **Search** button, all recorded data will be listed in the **Search Results** cloumn.

File attributes:					
Trigger type:		Tampering	Dig	gital input	☐ Video loss
		System boot		cording notify	■ Motion
		Periodically			
Media type:	─ Video Clip		Sn	apshot	☐ Text
Locked:	Locked		Un	locked	
Trigger time:					
From:	Date 2009-03-05		Time	00:00:00	
To:	Date 2009-03-05		Time	23:59:59	
	(yyyy-mm-dd)			(hh:mm:ss)	

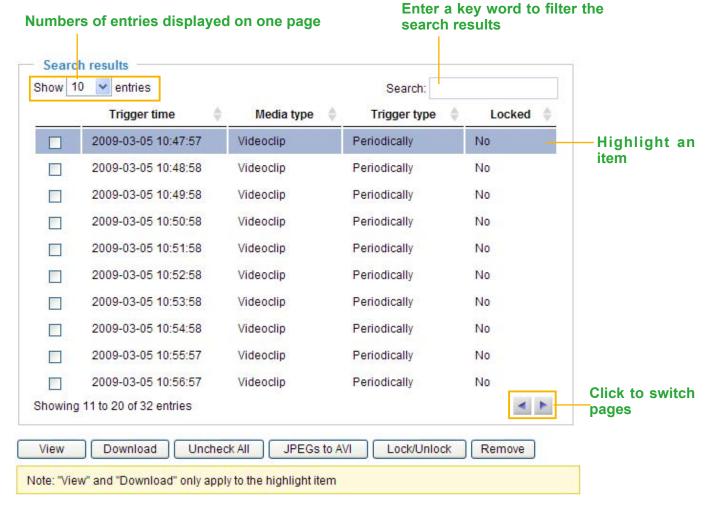
<u>File attributes</u>: Select one or more items as your search criteria.

<u>Trigger time</u>: Manually enter the time range you want to search.

Click **Search** and the recorded data corresponding to the search criteria will be listed in **Search Results** window.

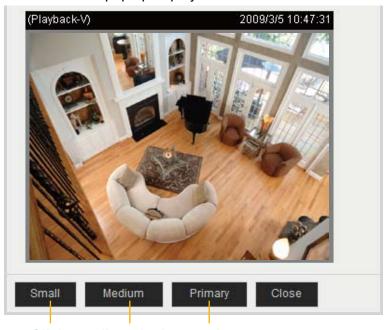
Search Results

The following is an example of search results. There are four columns: Trigger time, Media type, Trigger type, and Locked. Click to sort the search results in either direction.



<u>View</u>: Click on a search result which will highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Click the **View** button and a media window will pop up to play back the selected file.

For example:

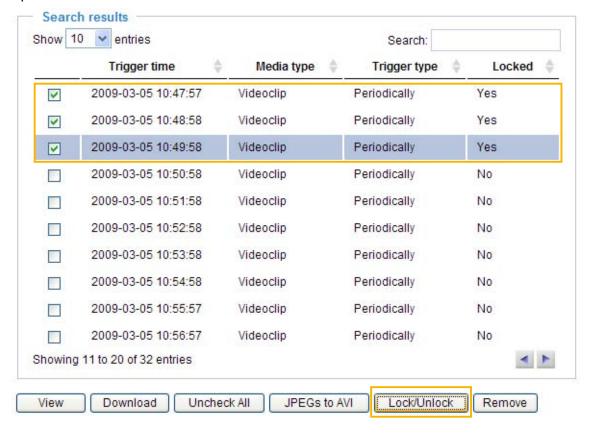


Click to adjust the image size

<u>Download</u>: Click on a search result to highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Then click the **Download** button and a file download window will pop up for you to save the file.

<u>JPEGs to AVI</u>: This functions only applies to "JPEG" format files such as snapshots. You can select several snapshots from the list, then click this button. Those snapshots will be converted into an AVI file.

<u>Lock/Unlock</u>: Select the desired search results, then click this button. The selected items will become Locked, which will not be deleted during cyclic recoroding. You can click again to unlock the selections. For example:



Remove: Select the desired search results, then click this button to delete the files.

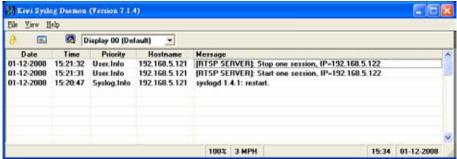
System Log Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to send the system log to the remote server as backup.

Remote Log



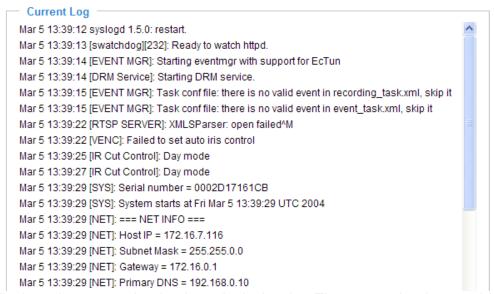
You can configure the Network Camera to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested that the user install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the Network Camera. An example is Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit http://www.kiwisyslog.com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/.



Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:

- 1. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
- 2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
- 3. When completed, select **Enable remote log** and click **Save** to enable the setting.

Current Log



This column displays the system log in chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain limit.

View Parameters Advanced Mode

The View Parameters page lists the entire system's parameters in alphabetical order. If you need technical assistance, please provide the information listed on this page.

```
Parameter List
system hostname='Mega-Pixel Network Camera'
system ledoff='0'
system lowlight='1'
system date='2009/03/05'
system time='14:49:29'
system datetime='030514492009.16'
system_ntp=''
system_timezoneindex='320'
system daylight enable='0'
system_daylight_dstactualmode='1'
system daylight auto begintime='NONE'
system_daylight_auto_endtime='NONE'
system_daylight_timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,-200,-201,-1
system updateinterval='0'
system_info_modelname='IP7161'
system info extendedmodelname='IP7161'
system_info_serialnumber='0002D17161CB'
system_info_firmwareversion='IP7161-VVTK-0100d'
system_info_language_count='9'
system_info_language_i0='English'
system info language i1='Deutsch'
system_info_language_i2='Español'
system_info_language_i3='Français'
system info language i4='Italiano'
system info language i5='日本語'
system_info_language_i6='Português'
system info language i7='简体中文'
system info language i8='繁體中文'
system info language i9=''
system_info_language_i10=''
system_info_language_i11=''
system info language i12=''
system_info_language_i13=''
system info language i14=''
system_info_language_i15=''
system_info_language_i16=''
```

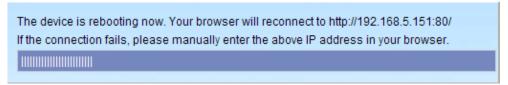
Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

Reboot



This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will be displayed during the reboot process.



If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

Restore



This feature allows you to restore the Network Camera to factory default settings.

<u>Network Type</u>: Select this option to retain the Network Type settings (please refer to Network Type on page 32).

<u>Daylight Saving Time</u>: Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings (please refer to System on page 24)

Custom Language: Select this option to retain the Custom Language settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default.

The following message is displayed during the restoring process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to http://192.168.5.151:80/

If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.

Export / Upload Files Advanced Mode

This feature allows you to Export / Upload daylight saving time rules, custom language files, and setting

backup files.

xport daylight saving time configuration file	Export
Export language file	Export
Export setting backup file	Export
and the second second	1/200 00 1/10
Upload files	
The state of the s	Browse Upload
Upload files Update daylight saving time rules Update custom language file	Browse Upload Browse Upload

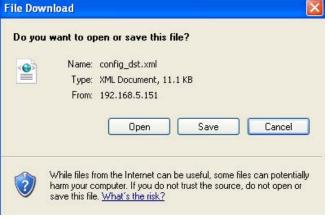
Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the start and end time of DST.

Follow the steps below to export:

1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export the daylight saving time configuration file from the Network Camera.

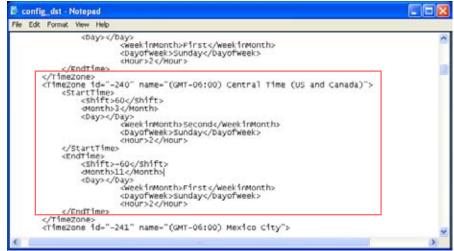
2. A file download dialog will pop up as shown below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to

store the file for editing.



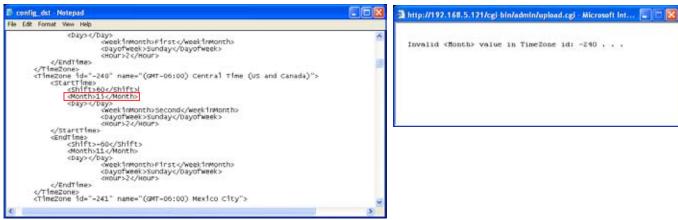
3. Open the file with Microsoft® Notepad and locate your time zone; set the start and end time of DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.



Upload daylight saving time rule: Click **Browse...** and specify the XML file to upload.

If the incorrect date and time are assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.



The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.



Export language file: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

<u>Upload custom language file</u>: Click **Browse...** and specify your own custom language file to upload.

Export setting backup file: Click to export all parameters for the device and user-defined scripts.

<u>Upload setting backup file</u>: Click **Browse...** to upload a setting backup file. Please note that the model and firmware version of the device should be the same as the setting backup file. If you have set up a fixed IP or other special settings for your device, it is not suggested to upload a settings backup file.

Upgrade Firmware



This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware of your Network Camera. It takes a few minutes to complete the process.

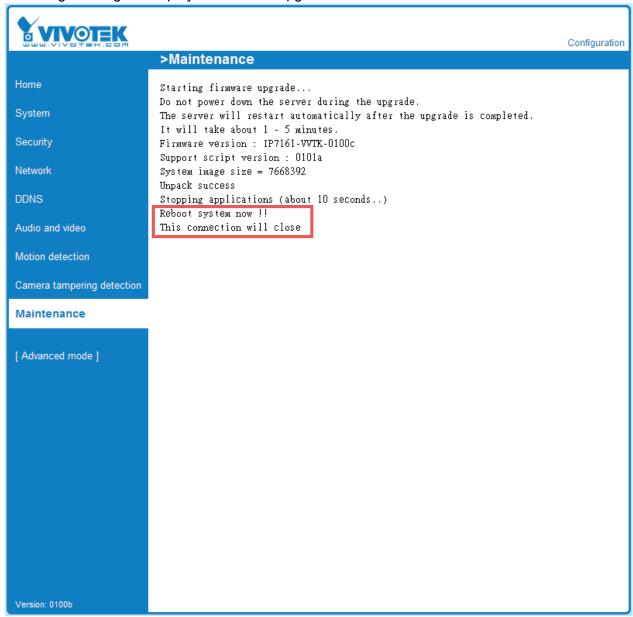
Note: Do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade!

Follow the steps below to upgrade the firmware:

- 1. Download the latest firmware file from the VIVOTEK website. The file is in .pkg file format.
- 2. Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file.
- 3. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

If the upgrade is successful, you will see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close". After that, reaccess the Network Camera.

The following message is displayed when the upgrade has succeeded.



The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

Starting firmware upgrade...
Do not power down the server during the upgrade.
The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed.
This will take about 1 - 5 minutes.
Wrong PKG file format
Unpack fail

Appendix

URL Commands for the Network Camera

Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, the Network Camera/Video Server can be easily integrated through URL syntax. This section specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface. The HTTP-based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.), and get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server.

Style Convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, text within angle brackets denotes content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets should also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example further down in the page.

URL syntax is denoted with the word "Syntax:" written in bold face followed by a box with the referenced syntax as shown below. For example, name of the server is written as <servername> and is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam. adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "Return:" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data is returned in HTTP format, i.e., each line is separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example**:" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, Network Camera/Video server can be easily integrated through convenient URLs. This document provides the

supersets of URL commands V2 for 7000 series products.

This section specifies the external HTTP based application programming interface. The HTTP based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, to control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.) and to get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the

built in Web server.

Style convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, a text within angle brackets denotes a content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string also the angle brackets shall be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example,

also below.

URL syntax' are written with the "**Syntax:**" word written in bold face followed by a box with the referred syntax as seen below. The name of the server is written as <servername>. This is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam.adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Special note will be marked as RED words to take care.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "**Return:**" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data returned as HTTP formatted, i.e., starting with the string HTTP is line separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cqi-bin/viewer/video.jpq

General CGI URL syntax and parameters

CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word without any underscores or other separators. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, the internal parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in function related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension of the CGI is required.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/<subdir>[/<subdir>...]/<cgi>..<ext>
[?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]

Example: Setting digital output #1 to active

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Security level

SECURITY LEVEL	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
0	anonymous	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer,	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera
	dido, camctrl	2. Can control dido, ptz of camera
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer,	Operator's access right can modify most of camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator	parameters except some privilege and network options
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer,	Administrator's access right can fully control the camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator,	operation.
	admin	
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any external
		interface.

Get server parameter values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://*<servername*>/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[*<parameter*>]

[&<parameter>...]

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[&<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[&<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[&<parameter>...]
```

where the *<parameter>* should be *<group>*[_*<name>*] or *<group>*[.*<name>*] If you do not specify the any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only *<group>*, the parameters of related group will be returned.

When query parameter values, the current parameter value are returned.

Successful control request returns paramter pairs as follows.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: <length>\r\n

 $r\n$

<parameter pair>

where <parameter pair> is

<parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

<length> is the actual length of content.

Example: request IP address and it's response

Request:

http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Context-Length: 33\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

\r\n

network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Set server parameter values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>][&return=<return page>]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
<group>_<name></name></group>	value to assigned	Assign <i><value></value></i> to the parameter <i><group>_<name></name></group></i>	
update	<boolean></boolean>	set to 1 to actually update all fields (no need to use update	
		parameter in each group)	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is	
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative	
		path according the the current path. If you omit this parameter	
		will redirect to an empty page.	
		(note: The return page can be a general HTML file(.htm, .html) or	
		a Vivotek server script executable (.vspx) file. It can not be a CGI	
		command. It can not have any extra parameters. This parameter	
		must be put at end of parameter list)	

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: <length>\r\n

\r\n

<parameter pair>

where <parameter pair> is

<parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and readable will be returned.

Example: Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n

 $r\n$

network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Available parameters on the server

Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION
string[<n>]</n>	Text string shorter than `n' characters. The characters ",', $<$, $>$, $\&$ are invalid.
password[<n>]</n>	The same as string but display `*' instead
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31} - 1)$ and $(2^{31} - 1)$
positive integer	Any number between 0 and (2 ³² – 1)
<m> ~ <n></n></m>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'
domain name[<n>]</n>	A string limited to contain a domain name shorter than `n' characters (eg.
	www.ibm.com)
email address [<n>]</n>	A string limited to contain a email address shorter than 'n' characters (eg.
	joe@www.ibm.com)
ip address	A string limited to contain an ip address (eg. 192.168.1.1)
mac address	A string limited to contain mac address without hyphen or colon connected
boolean	A boolean value 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False], [Enable or
	Disable].
<value1>,</value1>	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.
<value2>,</value2>	
<value3>,</value3>	

blank	A blank string
everything inside <>	As description

NOTE: The camera should prevent to restart when parameter changed.

Group: system

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
hostname	string[40]	1/6	host name of server (Network Camera,
			Wireless Network Camera, Video
			Server, Wireless Video Server)
ledoff	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	turn on(0) or turn off(1) all led
			indicators
date	<yyyy dd="" mm="">,</yyyy>	6/6	Current date of system. Set to 'keep'
	keep,		keeping date unchanged. Set to 'auto'
	auto		to use NTP to synchronize date.
time	<hh:mm:ss>,</hh:mm:ss>	6/6	Current time of system. Set to 'keep'
	keep,		keeping time unchanged. Set to 'auto'
	auto		to use NTP to synchronize time.
datetime	<mmddhhmmyyyy.ss></mmddhhmmyyyy.ss>	6/6	Another current time format of system.
ntp	<domain name="">,</domain>	6/6	NTP server
	<ip address="">,</ip>		*do not use "skip to invoke default
	<black></black>		server" for default
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	6/6	Indicate timezone and area
			-480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok, Kwajalein
			-440: GMT-11:00 Midway Island,
			Samoa
			-400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii
			-360: GMT-09:00 Alaska
			-320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas,
			San_Francisco, Vancouver
			-280: GMT-07:00 Mountain Time,
			Denver
			-281: GMT-07:00 Arizona
			-240: GMT-06:00 Central America,
			Central Time, Mexico City,
			Saskatchewan

-200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New York, Toronto -201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana -160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time, Canada, Caracas, La Paz, Santiago -140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland -120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland -80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, **Paris** 41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest, 80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga 81: GMT 02:00 Cairo 82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad, Kuwait, Riyadh, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nairobi 121: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 03:30 Tehran 160: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi, Muscat, Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan 180: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:00 Ekaterinburg, Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent 220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu

			240. CMT 06.00 AL
			240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk,
			Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura
			260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon
			280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok, Hanoi,
			Jakarta, Krasnoyarsk
			320: GMT 08:00 Beijing, Chongging,
			Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei
			360: GMT 09:00 Osaka, Sapporo,
			Tokyo, Seoul, Yakutsk
			380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide, Darwin
			400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane, Canberra,
			Melbourne, Sydney, Guam,
			Vladivostok
			440: GMT 11:00 Magadan, Solomon
			Is., New Caledonia
			480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan, Wellington,
			Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is.
			520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofa
daylight_enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	enable automatic daylight saving to
			time zone
daylight_dstactualmode	<boolean></boolean>	6/7	check if current time is under daylight
			saving time.
daylight_auto_begintime	string[19]	6/7	display the current daylight saving
			begin time. (product dependent)
daylight_auto_endtime	string[19]	6/7	display the current daylight saving end
			time. (product dependent)
updateinterval	0,	6/6	0 to Disable automatic time
	3600,		adjustment, otherwise, it means the
	86400,		seconds between NTP automatic
	604800,		update interval.
	2592000		
restore	0,	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
	<positive integer=""></positive>		default value after <value> seconds.</value>
reset	0,	7/6	Restart the server after <value></value>
	<positive integer=""></positive>		seconds if <value> is non-negative.</value>
	<u> </u>	+	†
restoreexceptnet	<any value=""></any>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to

			subnet, router, dns1, dns2, pppoe).
			This command can cooperate with
			other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands.
			When cooperating with others, the
			system parameters will be restored to
			default value except a union of
			combined results.
restoreexceptdst	<any value=""></any>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
			default value except all daylight saving
			time settings.
			This command can cooperate with
			other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands.
			When cooperating with others, the
			system parameters will be restored to
			default value except a union of
			combined results.
restoreexceptlang	<any value=""></any>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
			default value except custom language
			file user uploaded.
			This command can cooperate with
			other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands.
			When cooperating with others, the
			system parameters will be restored to
			default value except a union of
			combined results.

SubGroup of **system**: **info** (The fields in this group are unchangeable.)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
modelname	string[40]	0/7	Internal model name of server (eg. IP7139)
extendedmodelname	string[40]	0/7	ODM specific model name of server (eg.
			DCS-5610). If it is not ODM case, this field will
			be equal to "modelname"
serialnumber	<mac< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>12 characters mac address without hyphen</td></mac<>	0/7	12 characters mac address without hyphen
	address>		connected
firmwareversion	string[40]	0/7	The version of firmware, including model,
			company, and version number in the format
			<model-brand-version></model-brand-version>

language_count	<integer></integer>	0/7	number of webpage language available on the
			server
language_i<0~(count-1)>	string[16]	0/7	Available language lists
customlanguage_maxcount	<integer></integer>	0/7	Maximum number of custom language
			supported on the server
customlanguage_count	<integer></integer>	0/7	Number of custom language which has been
			uploaded to the server
customlanguage_i<0~(max	string	0/7	Custom language name
count-1)>			

Group: **status**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
di_i<0~(ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
			1 => Active, triggered
do_i<0~ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
			1 => Active, triggered
daynight	day,	7/7	The day/night status judge by light sensor
	night		
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	6/7	current RTSP connection numbers
onlinenum_httppush	integer	6/7	current HTTP push server connection numbers
eth_i0	string	1/99	The connection information of ethernet

Group: di_i<0~(ndi-1)> (capability.ndi > 0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	high,	1/1	indicate whether open circuit or closed
	low		circuit represents inactive status

Group: $do_i<0\sim(ndo-1)>(capability.ndo>0)$

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	open,	1/1	indicate whether open circuit or closed
	grounded		circuit represents inactive status

Group: security

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
privilege_do	view,	6/6	Indicate which privilege and above can
	operator,		control digital output
	admin		
privilege_camctrl	view,	6/6	Indicate which privilege and above can
	operator,		control PTZ
	admin		
user_i0_name	string[64]	6/7	User's name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	6/7	User's name
user_i0_pass	password[64]	6/6	root's password
user_i<1~20>_pass	password[64]	7/6	User's password
user_i0_privilege	viewer,	6/7	root's privilege
	operator,		
	admin		
user_i<1~20>_	viewer,	6/6	User's privilege.
privilege	operator,		
	admin		

Group: **network**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
type	lan,	6/6	Network connection type
	pppoe		
resetip	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	1 => get ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2 from
			DHCP server at next reboot
			0 => use preset ipaddress, subnet, rounter, dns1,
			and dns2
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IP address of server
subnet	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	subnet mask
router	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	default gateway
dns1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	primary DNS server
dns2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	secondary DNS server
wins1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	primary WINS server
wins2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	secondary WINS server

Subgroup of **network**: **ipv6**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable IPv6
addonipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IPv6 IP address
addonprefixlen	0~128	6/6	IPv6 prefix length
addonrouter	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IPv6 router address
addondns	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IPv6 DNS address
allowoptional	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Allow Manually setup the IP address setting

Subgroup of **network**: **ftp**

l	NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
	port	21, 1025~65535	6/6	local ftp server port

Subgroup of **network**: **http**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	80, 1025 ~ 65535	6/6	HTTP port
alternateport	1025~65535	6/6	Alternative HTTP port
authmode	basic,	1/6	HTTP authentication mode
	digest		
s0_accessname	string[32]	1/6	Http server push access name for stream 1
			(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and
			video.stream.count>0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	Http server push access name for stream 2
			(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and
			video.stream.count>1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming viewing.

Subgroup of **network**: https

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	443, 1025 ~	6/6	HTTPS port
	65535		

Subgroup of **network**: **rtsp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~	1/6	RTSP port
	65535		(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming viewing.
authmode	disable,	1/6	RTSP authentication mode
	basic,		(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
	digest		
s0_accessname	string[3b;42]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream1
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
			video.stream.count>0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream2
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
			video.stream.count>1)
s0_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream1.
			-1 => audio mute
s1_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream2.
			-1 => audio mute

Subgroup of rtsp_s<0~(n-1)>: multicast, n is stream count (capability.protocol.rtp.multicast=1)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
alwaysmulticast	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable always multicast
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	4/4	Multicast IP address
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast video port
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast audio port
ttl	1 ~ 255	4/4	Mutlicast time to live value

Subgroup of **network**: **sip**

	<u> </u>		
NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~	6/6	SIP port
	65535		(capability.protocol.sip=1)

Subgroup of **network**: **rtp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	video channel port for RTP
			(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	audio channel port for RTP
			(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)

Subgroup of **network**: **pppoe**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
user	string[128]	6/6	PPPoE account user name
pass	password[64]	6/6	PPPoE account password

Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable ipfilter settings
admin_enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the function always allow
			the admin IP address to access this device
admin_ip	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Always allow this IP connect to camera when
	255.255.255.255		admin_enable=1
maxconnection	0~10	6/6	Maximum number of concurrent streaming
			connection(s) limit
allow_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed starting IP address for RTSP
	255.255.255.255		connection
allow_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed ending IP address for RTSP
	255.255.255.255		connection
deny_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied starting IP address for RTSP
	255.255.255.255		connection
deny_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied ending IP address for RTSP connection
	255.255.255.255		
ipv6_allow_i<0~9>	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Allowed IPv6 starting IP address for RTSP
_start			connection
ipv6_allow_i<0~9>	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Allowed IPv6 ending IP address for RTSP
_end			connection
ipv6_deny_i<0~9>_	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Denied IPv6 starting IP address for RTSP
start			connection

ipv6_deny_i<0~9>_	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Denied IPv6 ending IP address for RTSP
end			connection

Group: $videoin_c<0\sim(n-1)>$ for n channel products, m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
cmosfreq	50, 60	4/4	CMOS frequency
			(videoin.type=2)
			(product dependent)
whitebalance	<pre><pre><pre>oduct</pre></pre></pre>	4/4	auto, auto white balance
	dependent>		manual
			indoor, 3200K
			fluorescent, 5500K
			outdoor, > 5500K
atwbvalue1	0 ~	4/4	The auto white balance value.
	999999999		
atwbvalue2	0 ~	4/4	The auto white balance value.
	999999999		
exposurelevel	1 ~ 8	4/4	The target brightness adjust by
			exposure options
			1: darkest
			8: brightness
autoiris	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable auto Iris
			(product dependent)
enableblc	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable backlight compensation
			(product dependent)
agc	normal,	4/4	Set auto gain control to normal
	max		level or MAX level
			(product dependent)
color	0, 1	4/4	0 =>monochrome
			1 => color
flip	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	flip the image
mirror	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	mirror the image
ptzstatus	<integer></integer>	1/7	An 32-bits integer, each bit can be
			set separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support camera control
			function 0(not support), 1(support)
	1	1	Bit 1 => Build-in or external

			camera. 0(external), 1(build-in)
			Bit 2 => Support pan operation.
			O(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 3 => Support tilt operation.
			O(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 4 => Support zoom
			operation. 0(not support),
			1(support)
			Bit 5 => Support focus operation.
			0(not support), 1(support)
text	string[16]	1/4	enclosed caption
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video
maxexposure	1~120	4/4	Maximum exposure time
options	quality,	4/4	To customize video quality first or
	framerate		video frame rate first.
			(product dependent)
enablepreview	<boolean></boolean>	1/4	0: normal mode
			1: preview mode
			(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
profile_i<0~(k-1)>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable this profile
			(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
profile_i<0~(k-1)>_policy	day,	4/4	When the condition match the
	night,		policy, use this profile
	schedule		(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
profile_i<0~(k-1)>_begintime	hh:mm	4/4	If choose "schedule" mode as
		'	profile policy, the begin time of this
			profile when enabled
			(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
profile_i<0~(k-1)>_endtime	hh:mm	4/4	If choose "schedule" mode as
prome_r<0.4(k 1)2_endeme	''''	7/ 7	profile policy, the end time of this
			profile when enabled
	1 120	4/4	(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
profile_i<0~(k-1)>_maxexposure	1~120	4/4	Maximum exposure time
	1 0	4/4	(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
profile_i<0~(k-1)>_enableblc	1~8	4/4	Enable backlight compensation
profile_i<0~(k-1)>_exposurelevel	1~8	4/4	The target brightness adjust by
			exposure options
			1: darkest

			8: brightness
			(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
profile_i<0~(k-1)>_agc	0~2	4/4	Set auto gain control to: 0: 2X level
			1: 4X level
			2: 8X level
			(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
profile_i<0~(k-1)>_autoiris	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable auto Iris
			(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	mpeg4,	4/4	video codec type
	mjpeg		
s<0~(m-1)>_resolution	176×144,	4/4	Video resolution in pixel
	320x240,		
	640x480,		
	800×600,		
	1280×960,		
	1600x1200		
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_intraperiod	250, 500,	4/4	The period of intra frame in
	1000, 2000,		milliseconds
	3000, 4000		
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_ratecontrol	cbr, vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate
mode			vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quant	1~5, 99	4/4	quality of video when choosing vbr
			in "ratecontrolmode".
			99 is customized manual input
			setting.
			1 is worst quality and 5 is the best
			quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_qvalue	1~31	7/4	The specific quality parameter of
			mpeg4 encoder.
			1 is best quality and 31 is the worst
			quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_bitrate	1000~40000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choose cbr
	00		in "ratecontrolmode"
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_maxframe	1~15 for	4/4	set maximum frame rate in fps (for
	quality mode		MPEG-4)
	1~30 for		
	frame rate		
	mode		

s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quant	1 ~ 5, 999	4/4	quality of jpeg video. 999 is customized manual input setting.
			1 is worst quality and 5 is the best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_qvalue	10~200	7/4	The specific quality parameter of jpeg encoder. 10 is best quality and 200 is the worst quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_maxframe	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	4/4	set maximum frame rate in fps (for JPEG)
s<0~(m-1)>_forcei	1	7/6	Force I frame

${\it Group: {\bf videoinpreview}}$

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
maxexposure	1~120	4/4	Maximum exposure time
exposurelevel	1 ~ 8	4/4	The target brightness adjust by exposure options
			1: darkest
			8: brightness
enableblc	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable backlight compensation
			(product dependent)
agc	0~2	4/4	Set auto gain control to: 0: 2X level
			1: 4X level
			2: 8X level
			(product dependent)
autoiris	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable auto Iris
			(product dependent)

Group: $audioin_c<0\sim(n-1)>$ for n channel products (capability.audioin>0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
source	micin,	4/4	micin => use external microphone input
	linein		linein => use line input
mute	0, 1	4/4	Enable audio mute
gain	1~37	4/4	Gain of input

gain2	1~37	4/4	Gain of input
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	aac4, gamr	4/4	set audio codec type for input
s<0~(m-1)>_aac4_bitrate	16000,	4/4	set AAC4 bitrate in bps
	32000,		
	48000,		
	64000,		
	96000,		
	128000		
s<0~(m-1)>_gamr_bitrate	4750,	4/4	set AMR bitrate in bps
	5150,		
	5900,		
	6700,		
	7400,		
	7950,		
	10200,		
	12200		

Group: $image_c<0\sim(n-1)>$ for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust saturation of image according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust contrast of image according to mode settings.
sharpness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image according to mode settings.
IBPE_edgeenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable edge enhancement.
IBPE_edgestrength	1 ~ 128	4/4	Adjust edge enhancement strength. 1 is minimum and
			128 is maximum.
IBPE_nrenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable noise reduction.
IBPE_nrmode	1 ~ 3	4/4	Adjust noise reduction mode.
			1 => DeGaussian
			2 => DeImpulse
	_	_	3 => DeGaussian + DeImpulse
IBPE_nrstrength	1 ~ 63	4/4	Adjust noise reduction strength. 1 is minimum and 63 is
			maximum.

Group: $imagepreview_c<0\sim(n-1)>$ for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of adjusting brightness of image
			according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of adjusting saturation of image
			according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of adjusting contrast of image
			according to mode settings.
sharpness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of adjusting sharpness of image
			according to mode settings.
IBPE_edgeenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Preview of adjusting enabling edge
			enhancement.
IBPE_edgestrength	1 ~ 128	4/4	Preview of adjusting edge enhancement
			strength. 1 is minimum and 128 is maximum.
IBPE_nrenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Preview of adjusting enabling noise reduction.
IBPE_nrmode	1 ~ 3	4/4	Preview of adjusting noise reduction mode.
			1 => DeGaussian
			2 => DeImpulse
			3 => DeGaussian + DeImpulse
IBPE_nrstrength	1 ~ 63	4/4	Preview of adjusting noise reduction strength.
			1 is minimum and 63 is maximum.
videoin_whitebalance	auto,	4/4	Preview of adjusting white balance of image
	manual		according to mode settings
videoin_restoreatwb	0, 1~	4/4	Restore of adjusting white balance of image
			according to mode settings

Group: motion_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	enable motion detection
win_i<0~2>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	enable motion window 1~3
win_i <0~2>_name	string[14]	4/4	name of motion window 1~3
win_i <0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i <0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i <0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	4/4	Width of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.

Group: $motion_c < 0 < (n-1) > profile_i < 0 < (m-1) > for n channel, m motion profile product (capability_nmotionprofile > 0)$

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	enable motion detection
policy	day,	4/4	When the condition match the policy, use this
	night,		profile
	schedule		
begintime	hh:mm	4/4	If choose "schedule" mode as profile policy,
			the begin time of this profile when enabled
endtime	hh:mm	4/4	If choose "schedule" mode as profile policy,
			the end time of this profile when enabled
win_i<0~2>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	enable motion window 1~3
win_i <0~2>_name	string[14]	4/4	name of motion window 1~3
win_i <0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i <0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i <0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	4/4	Width of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.

Group: tampering_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel,

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable or disable camera tampering detection
threshold	0 ~ 255	4/4	The sensitivity to judge if camera has been
			tampered
			0: lowest sensitivity
			255: highest sensitivity
duration	10 ~ 600	4/4	Judge camera has been tampered if
			exceeding this duration

Group: ddns

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic dns.
provider	Safe100,	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net
	DyndnsDynamic,		DyndnsDynamic => dyndns.org (dynamic)

	DyndnsCustom,		DyndnsCustom => dyndns.org (custom)
	TZO,		TZO => tzo.com
	DHS,		DHS => dhs.org
	DynInterfree,		DynInterfree =>dyn-interfree.it
	CustomSafe100		CustomSafe100 =>
			Custom server using safe100 method
<pre><pre><pre>ovider>_hostna</pre></pre></pre>	string[128]	6/6	Your dynamic hostname.
me			
<pre><pre><pre><pre>ovider>_userna</pre></pre></pre></pre>	string[64]	6/6	Your user or email to login ddns service
meemail			provider
<pre><pre><pre><pre>provider>_passwo</pre></pre></pre></pre>	string[64]	6/6	Your password or key to login ddns service
rdkey			provider
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	string[128]	6/6	The server name for safe100.
ame			(This field only exists for provider is
			customsafe100)

Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP presentation service.

Group: upnpportforwarding

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP port forwarding service.
upnpnatstatus	0~3	6/7	The status of UpnP port forwarding, used internally.
			0 is OK, 1 is FAIL, 2 is no IGD router, 3 is no need to
			do port forwarding

Group: syslog

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enableremotelog	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	enable remote log
serverip	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Log server IP address
serverport	514, 1025~65535	6/6	Server port used for log
level	0~7	6/6	The levels to distinguish the importance of
			information.
			0: LOG_EMERG

1: LOG_ALERT
2: LOG_CRIT
3: LOG_ERR
4: LOG_WARNING
5: LOG_NOTICE
6: LOG_INFO
7: LOG_DEBUG

Group: camctrl_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product (capability.ptzenabled)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
panspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Pan speed
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Tilt speed
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Zoom speed
focusspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Auto focus speed
patrolseq	0 ~ 64	1/4	Patrol sequence
patroldwelling	0 ~ 128	1/4	Patrol dwelling time
preset_i<0~19>_name	string[40]	1/4	The name of preset location
preset_i<0~19>_	0 ~ 255	1/4	The dwelling time of each preset location
dwelling			
uart	0 ~ (m-1), m is	1/4	select correspond uart
	uart count		(capability.nuart>0)
cameraid	0~255	1/4	Camera ID to control external PTZ cameral
isptz	0 ~ 2	1/7	0: disable PTZ commands.
			1: enable PTZ commands with PTZ driver.
		_	2: enable PTZ commands with UART tunnel.
disablemdonptz	<boolean></boolean>	1/4	disable motion detection on PTZ operation

Group: **uart** (capability.nuart>0) (product dependent)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
ptzdrivers_i<0~19,	string[40]	1/4	The name of the PTZ driver
127>_name			
ptzdrivers_i<0~19,	string[128]	1/4	The full path of the PTZ driver
127>_location			
update	1	7/4	update the list of built-in external PTZ drivers
enablehttptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable HTTP tunnel channel to control UART

Group:uart_i<0~(n-1)> n is uart port count (capability.nuart>0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
baudrate	110,300,600,1200,2	4/4	set baud rate of COM port
	400,3600,4800,7200		
	,9600,19200,38400,		
	57600,115200		
databit	5,6,7,8	4/4	data bits in a character frame
paritybit	none,	4/4	For error checking
	odd,		
	even		
stopbit	1,2	4/4	1
			2-1.5 , data bit is 5
			2-2
uartmode	rs485,	4/4	rs485 or rs232
	rs232		
customdrvcmd_i<0~9>	string[128]	1/4	PTZ command for custom camera.
speedlink_i<0~4>_name	string[40]	1/4	Additional PTZ command name
speedlink_i<0~4>_cmd	string[128]	1/4	Additional PTZ command list
updatecustomdrvcmd	1	7/4	set this flag to true to apply change of
			custom command configuration
updatespeedlinkcmd	1	7/4	set this flag to true to apply change of
			additional PTZ command
			configuration
ptzdriver	0~19,	4/4	which PTZ driver is used by this COM
	127 (custom),		port
	128 (no driver)		

Group: **layout** (product dependent)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
logo_default	<boolean></boolean>	1/6	0 => Custom logo
			1 => Default logo
logo_link	string[40]	1/6	Hyperlink of the logo
theme_option	1~4	1/6	1~3: One of the default themes
			4: Custom definition

theme_color_font	string[7]	1/6	Font color
theme_color_configfont	string[7]	1/6	Font color of configuration area
theme_color_titlefont	string[7]	1/6	Font color of video title
theme_color_controlbackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of control area
theme_color_configbackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of configuration area
theme_color_videobackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of video area
theme_color_case	string[7]	1/6	Frame color

Group: **privacymask_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable the privacy mask
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable the privacy mask window
win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	4/4	The name of privacy mask window
win_i<0~4>_left	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_top	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_width	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Width of privacy mask window
win_i<0~4>_height	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Height of privacy mask window
win_i<0~4>_color	0 ~ 13	4/4	Color of privacy mask window

Group: capability

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
api_httpversion	0200a	0/7	The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	The server bootup time
nir	0,	0/7	number of IR interface
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
ndi	0,	0/7	number of digital input
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
ndo	0,	0/7	number of digital output
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
naudioin	0,	0/7	number of audio input

	<positive integer=""></positive>		
naudioout	0,	0/7	number of audio output
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
nvideoin	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	number of video input
nmediastream	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	number of media stream per channel
nvideosetting	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	number of video settings per channel
naudiosetting	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	number of audio settings per channel
nuart	0,	0/7	number of UART interface
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
nvideoinprofile	0,	0/7	number of sensor profiles
_	<positive integer=""></positive>		
nmotionprofile	0,	0/7	number of motion profiles
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
ptzenabled	< positive integer >	0/7	An 32-bits integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support camera control function
			O(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 1 => Build-in or external camera.
			0(external), 1(build-in)
			Bit 2 => Support pan operation. 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 3 => Support tilt operation. 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 4 => Support zoom operation.
			O(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 5 => Support focus operation.
			O(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 6 => Support iris operation.
			O(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 7 => External or build-in PT. 0(build-in),
			1(external)
			Bit $8 = > Invalidate bit 1 \sim 7.$
			$0(bit 1 \sim 7 are valid),$
			1(bit 1 ~ 7 are invalid)
			Bit 9 => Reserved bit; Invalidate lens_pan,
			Lens_tilt, lens_zoon, lens_focus, len_iris.

protocol_nttps				O(fields are valid),
protocol_nttps				
protocol_rtsp	nrotocol https	< hoolean >	0/7	
protocol_sip			,	
protocol_maxconnec tion protocol_rtp_multic ast_ scalable protocol_rtp_multic ast_ backchannel protocol_rtp_tcp backchannel protocol_rtp_tcp protocol_rtp_tcp protocol_rtp_tcp protocol_rtp_tcp protocol_rtp_tcp protocol_rtp_tcp protocol_rtp_http protocol_spush_mjp eg protocol_spush_mjp eg protocol_spush_mpi protocol_spush_mpi protocol_ipv6 videoin_type 0, 1, 2 0/7 videoin_resolution available resolution separates by comma) videoin_codec videoin_codec 	protocol_rtsp	< boolean >	0/7	indicate whether to support rtsp
tion connections protocol_rtp_multic ast_ scalable protocol_rtp_multic ast_ scalable protocol_rtp_multic ast_ backchannel protocol_rtp_tcp	protocol_sip	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support sip
protocol_rtp_multic ast_scalable protocol_rtp_multic ast_scalable protocol_rtp_multic ast_backchannel protocol_rtp_tcp	protocol_maxconnec	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	The maximum allowed simultaneous
ast_scalable protocol_rtp_multic ast_backchannel protocol_rtp_tcp	tion			connections
scalable protocol_rtp_multic ast_ backchannel protocol_rtp_tcp	protocol_rtp_multic	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support scalable
protocol_rtp_multic ast_backchannel	ast_			multicast
ast_backchannel protocol_rtp_tcp	scalable			
backchannel protocol_rtp_tcp	protocol_rtp_multic	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support backchannel
protocol_rtp_tcp	ast_			multicast
protocol_rtp_http	backchannel			
protocol_spush_mjp eg	protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support rtp over tcp
protocol_snmp	protocol_rtp_http	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support rtp over http
protocol_snmp	protocol_spush_mjp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support server push
protocol_ipv6	eg			motion jpeg
videoin_type 0, 1, 2 0/7 0 => Interlaced CCD 1 => Progressive CCD 2 => CMOS videoin_resolution <a available="" by="" comma)<="" list="" of="" resolution="" separates="" td="" the=""> 0/7 available resolutions list videoin_maxframera 0/7 available framerate at the videoin_resolution list index videoin_codec <a available="" by="" codec="" comma)<="" list="" of="" separaters="" td="" the="" types=""> 0/7 available codec list videoout_codec <a available="" codec="" list="" of="" td="" the="" types<=""> 0/7 available codec list	protocol_snmp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support snmp
videoin_resolution videoin_resolution videoin_maxframera	protocol_ipv6	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support ipv6
videoin_resolution <a available="" by="" comma)<="" list="" of="" resolution="" separates="" td="" the=""> 0/7 available resolutions list videoin_maxframera te 0/7 available framerate at the videoin_resolution list index videoin_codec <a available="" by="" codec="" comma<="" list="" of="" separaters="" td="" the="" types=""> 0/7 available codec list videoout_codec <a available="" codec="" list="" of="" td="" the="" types<=""> 0/7 available codec list	videoin_type	0, 1, 2	0/7	0 => Interlaced CCD
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available codec types	videoout_codec	<a list="" of="" td="" the<=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td>	0/7	available codec list
		available codec types		
		separaters by		

	comma)		
audio_aec	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support acoustic echo
			cancellation
audio_extmic	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support external
			microphone input
audio_linein	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support external line
			input
audio_lineout	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support line output
audio_headphoneou	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support headphone
t			output
audioin_codec	<a list="" of="" td="" the<=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td>	0/7	available codec list
	available codec types		
	separaters by		
	comma)		
audioout_codec	<a list="" of="" td="" the<=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td>	0/7	available codec list
	available codec types		
	separaters by		
	comma)		
uart_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the http tunnel
			for uart transfer
camctrl_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the http tunnel
			for camera control
camctrl_privilege	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support "Manage
			Privilege" of PTZ control in Security page
transmission_mode	Tx,	0/7	Indicate what kind of transmission mode
	Rx,		the machine used. TX: server, Rx: receiver
	Both		box, Both: DVR?.
network_wire	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the Ethernet
network_wireless	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
wireless_802dot11b	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
			802.11b+
wireless_802dot11g	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
			802.11g
wireless_encrypt_w	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
ер			WEP
wireless_encrypt_w	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
ра			WPA

wireless_encrypt_w	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
pa2			WPA2
derivative_brand	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support upgrade
			function for the derivative brand. For
			example, if the value is true, the VVTK
			product can be upgraded to VVXX.
			(TCVV<->TCXX is excepted)
evctrlchannel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the http tunnel
			for event/control transfer
joystick	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the joystick
			control

Group: event_customtaskfile

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
_i<0~2>_name	string[40]	6/6	Name of custom event task file
_i<0~2>_date	string[20]	6/6	Date of custom event task file
_i<0~2>_time	string[20]	6/6	Time of custom event task file

Group: event_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
enable	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable this event.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this event.
			"0" indicates low priority.
			"1" indicates normal priority.
			"2" indicates high priority.
delay	1~999	6/6	Delay seconds before detect next event.
trigger	boot,	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition.
	di,		"boot" indicates system boot.
	motion,		"di" indicates digital input.
	seq,		"motion" indicates video motion detection.
	visignal		"seq" indicates periodic condition.
			"visignal" indicates video input signal loss

di	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which di detected.
			This field is required when trigger condition is "di".
			One bit represents one digital input. The LSB
			indicates DI 0.
mdwin	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which motion detection windows
			detected.
			This field is required when trigger condition is
			"md".
			One bit represents one window.
			The LSB indicates the 1 st window.
			For example, to detect the 1^{st} and 3^{rd} windows,
			set mdwin as 5.
inter	1~999	6/6	Interval of period snapshot in minute.
			This field is used when trigger condition is "seq".
weekday	<interger></interger>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
			One bit represents one weekday.
			The bit0 (LSB) indicates Saturday.
			The bit1 indicates Friday.
			The bit2 indicates Thursday.
			The bit3 indicates Wednesday.
			The bit4 indicates Tuesday.
			The bit5 indicates Monday.
			The bit6 indicates Sunday.
			For example, to detect events on Friday and
			Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Begin time of weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of weekly schedule.
			(00:00 ~ 24:00 means always.)
lowlightcondition	0, 1	6/6	Turn on IR led in some condition:
			0: all conditions
			1: low light condition
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable trigger digital output.
>_enable			
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	1~999	6/6	The duration of digital output is triggered in
>_duration			seconds.
action_cf_enable	0. 1	6/6	To enable put media on CF.
action_cf_folder	string[128]	6/6	The path to store media.
		•	<u> </u>

action_cf_media	NULL, 0~4	6/6	The index of attached media.
action_cf_datefolder	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable create folders by date time and
			hour automatically
action_server_i<0~4>_e	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable this server action.
nable			The default value is 0.
action_server_i<0~4>_	NULL, 0~4	6/6	The index of attached media.
media			
action_server_i<0~4>_	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable create folders by date time and
_datefolder			hour automatically

Group: server_i<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
type	email,	6/6	Indicate the server type.
	ftp,		"email" is email server.
	http,		"ftp" is ftp server.
	ns		"http" is http server.
			"ns" is network storage.
http_url	string[128]	6/6	The url of http server to upload.
http_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
http_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	6/6	The ftp server address
ftp_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
ftp_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
ftp_port	0~65535	6/6	The port to connect the server.
ftp_location	string[128]	6/6	The location to upload or store the media.
ftp_passive	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable the passive mode.
			0 is to disable the passive mode.
			1 is to enable the passive mode.
email_address	string[128]	6/6	The email server address
email_sslmode	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	To enable or disable the SSL mode
			0 is to disable the SSL mode
			1 is to enable the SSL mode
email_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.

email_httpsmode	0, 1	6/6	Enable support SSL
email_port	0~65535	6/6	The port to connect the server.
email_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
email_senderemail	string[128]	6/6	The email address of sender.
email_recipientemail	string[128]	6/6	The email address of recipient.
ns_location	string[128]	6/6	The location to upload or store the media.
ns_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
ns_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
ns_workgroup	string[64]	6/6	The workgroup for network storage.

Group: $media_i < 0 \sim 4 > (media_freespace is used internally.)$

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
type	snapshot,	6/6	The media type to send to the server or store by the
	systemlog		server.
	videoclip		
snapshot_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
			0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.
snapshot_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
snapshot_datesuffix	0, 1	6/6	To add date and time suffix to filename or not.
			1 means to add date and time suffix.
			0 means not to add it.
snapshot_preevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	It indicates the number of pre-event images.
snapshot_postevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	The number of post-event images.
videoclip_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
			0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.
videoclip_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
videoclip_preevent	0 ~ 9	6/6	It indicates the time of pre-event recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1 ~ 10	6/6	The time of maximum duration of one video clip in
			seconds.
videoclip_maxsize	50 ~ 1500	6/6	The maximum size of one video clip file in Kbytes.

Group: recording_i<0~1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
enable	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable this recoding.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this recoding.
			"0" indicates low priority.
			"1" indicates normal priority.
			"2" indicates high priority.
source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
			0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.
weekday	<interger></interger>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
			One bit represents one weekday.
			The bit0 (LSB) indicates Saturday.
			The bit1 indicates Friday.
			The bit2 indicates Thursday.
			The bit3 indicates Wednesday.
			The bit4 indicates Tuesday.
			The bit5 indicates Monday.
			The bit6 indicates Sunday.
			For example, to detect events on Friday and
			Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Begin time of weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of weekly schedule.
			(00:00~24:00 means always.)
prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
limitsize	0,1	6/6	0: Entire free space mechanism
			1: Limit recording size mechanism
cyclesize	20~	6/6	The maximum size for cycle recording in Kbytes
			when choose limit recording size.
cyclic	0,1	6/6	0: Disable cyclic recording
			1: Enable cyclic recording
notify	0,1	6/6	0: Disable recording notification
			1: Enable recording notification

notifyserver	0~31	6/6	Indicate which notification server is scheduled.
			One bit represents one application server
			(server_i0~i4).
			The bit0 (LSB) indicates server_i0.
			The bit1 indicates server_i1.
			The bit2 indicates server_i2.
			The bit3 indicates server_i3.
			The bit4 indicates server_i4.
			For example, enable server_i0, server_i2 and
			server_i4 to be notification server. The
			notifyserver value is 21.
reserveamount	10~	6/6	The reserve amount in Mbytes when choose cyclic
			recording mechanism.
dest	cf,	6/6	The destination to store the recording data.
	0~4		"cf" means CF card.
			"0~4" means the index of network storage.
cffolder	string[128]	6/6	folder name.

Group: path

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
encoder1_start	<boolean></boolean>	7/7	Specify the http push server is active for stream 1
encoder2_start	<boolean></boolean>	7/7	Specify the http push server is active for stream 2

Group: **https** (product dependent)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
connect	1025 ~ 65535	7/7	Specify the stunnel connect port
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	To enable or disable this secure http
policy	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	If the value is 1, it will force http connection
			redirect to https connection
method	auto,	6/6	auto => Create self-signed certificate
	manual,		automatically
	install		manual => Create self-signed certificate
			manually
			install => Create certificate request and install

	T	1	T
status	-2 ~ 1	6/6	Specify the https status.
			-2=>invalid public key
			-1=>waiting for certificated
			0=>not installed
			1=>active
countryname	string[2]	6/6	country name in certificate information
stateorprovincename	string[128]	6/6	state or province name in in certificate
			information
localityname	string[128]	6/6	the locality name in certificate information
organizationname	string[64]	6/6	organization naem in certificate information
unit	string[32]	6/6	organizational unit name in certificate
			information
commonname	string[64]	6/6	common name in certificate information
validdays	0 ~ 9999	6/6	certificatation valid period

Drive the digital output

Note: This request requires the privilege of viewer.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=<state>[&do2=<state>]
[&do3=<state>][&do4=<state>][&return=<return page>]

Where state is 0, 1. "0" means inactive or normal state while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
do <num></num>	0, 1	0 – inactive, normal state	
		1 – active, triggered state	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is	
		assigned. The <return page=""> can be a full URL path or relativ</return>	
		path according the the current path. If you omit this	
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.	

Example: Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and redirect to an empty page

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Query status of the digital input

Note: This request requires the privilege of viewer.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]

If no parameter is specified, all the status of digital input will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: <length>\r\n

\r\n

 $[di0=<state>]\r\n$

 $[di1 = \langle state \rangle] \r \n$

 $[di2 = \langle state \rangle] \ r \ n$

 $[di3=<state>]\r\n$

where <state> can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital input 1

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?di1

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: 7\r\n

 $r\n$

 $di1=1\r\n$

Query status of the digital output

Note: This request requires the privilege of viewer.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?[do0][&do1][&do2][&do3]

If no parameter is specified, all the status of digital output will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <length>\r\n

 $r\n$

[do0=<state>]\r\n [do1=<state>]\r\n [do2=<state>]\r\n

[do3=<state>]\r\n

where <state> can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital output 1

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?do1

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: 7\r\n

 $r\n$

 $do1=1\r\n$

Capture single snapshot

Note: This request require normal user privilege

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>] [&quality=<value>]

If the user requests the size larger than all stream setting on the server, this request will failed!

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	
channel	0~(n-1)	0	the channel number of video source	
resolution	<available< th=""><th>0</th><th>The resolution of image</th></available<>	0	The resolution of image	
	resolution>			
quality	1~5	3	The quality of image	

Server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Return:

 $HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n$

Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n

[Content-Length: <image size>\r\n]

dinary JPEG image data>

Account management

Note: This request requires administrator privilege

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/editaccount.cgi?

method=<value>&username=<name>[&userpass=<value>][&privilege=<value>]

[&privilege=<value>][...][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	Add an account to server. When using this method,	
		"username" field is necessary. It will use default value of other
		fields if not specified.

	Delete	Remove an account from server. When using this method,
		"username" field is necessary, and others are ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using this
		method, "username" field is necessary, and other fields are
		optional. If not specified, it will keep original settings.
username	<name></name>	The name of user to add, delete or edit
userpass	<value></value>	The password of new user to add or that of old user to modify.
		The default value is an empty string.
privilege	<value></value>	The privilege of user to add or to modify.
	viewer	viewer's privilege
	operator	operator's privilege
	admin	administrator's privilege
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is
		assigned. The <return page=""> can be a full URL path or relative</return>
		path according the the current path. If you omit this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

System logs

Note: This request require administrator privilege

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi

Server will return the up-to-date system log.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n

 $r\n$

<system log information>\r\n

Configuration file (optional)

Note: This request requires administrator privilege

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/configfile.cgi?[format=<value>]

Server will return the up-to-date configuration file.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
format	xml	xml	the format for config file.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: <configuration file length>\r\n

 $r\n$

<configuration data>\r\n

Upgrade firmware

Note: This request requires administrator privilege

Method: POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upgrade.cgi

Post data:

fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n

\r\n

<multipart encoded form data>

Server will accept the upload file named <file name> to be upgraded the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

Camera Control (capability.ptzenabled=1)

Note: This request requires privilege of viewer

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?[channel=<value>][&camid=<value>][&move=<value>]
[&focus=<value>][&iris=<value>][&speedpan=<value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>]
[&speedapp=<value>][&auto=<value>][&zoom=<value>][&zooming=<value>][&speedlink=<value>]
[&vx=<value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source
camid	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	Camera ID
move	home	Move to camera to home position
	up	Move camera up
	down	Move camera down
	left	Move camera left
	right	Move camera right
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed
speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed
speedapp	-5 ~ 5	Set the auto pan/patrol speed
auto	pan	Auto pan
	patrol	Auto patrol
	stop	Stop camera
zoom	wide	To zoom for larger view with current speed
	tele	To zoom for farer view with current speed
	stop	To stop zoom
zooming	wide	To zoom without stop for larger view with current speed
	tele	To zoom without stop for farer view with current speed
vx	<integer ,="" 0:<="" excluding="" td=""><td>> The slope of movement = vy/vx, used for joystick control.</td></integer>	> The slope of movement = vy/vx, used for joystick control.

vy	<integer></integer>	
vs	0 ~ 7	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.
focus	auto	To do auto focus
	far	To focus on farer distance
	near	To focus on nearer distance
iris	auto	Let the Network Camera control iris size
	open	Manually control the iris for bigger size
	close	Manually control the iris for smaller size
speedlink	0 ~ 4	Issue speed link command.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < return page > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter,
		it will redirect to an empty page.

Recall (capability.ptzenabled=1)

Note: This request requires privilege of viewer

Method: GET

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/recall.cgi?
recall=<value>[&channel=<value>][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
recall	Text string less than 30	One of the present positions to recall.
	characters	
channel	<0~(n-1)>	channel of video source
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is
		assigned. The <return page=""> can be a full URL path or relative</return>
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter,
		it will redirect to an empty page.

System Information

Note: This request requires normal user privilege (obsolete)

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/sysinfo.cgi

Server will return the system information. In HTTP API version 2, the CapVersion will be 0200. All the fields in the previous version (0100) is obsolete. Please use "getparam.cgi?capability" instead.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n

 $r\n$

Model=<model name of server>\r\n

 $CapVersion=0200\r\n$

PARAMETER(supported	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
capability version)		
Model	system.firmwareversion	Model name of server.
		Ex:IP3133-VVTK-0100a
CapVersion	MMmm, MM is major version from 00 ~ 99	The capability field version
	mm is minor version from 00 ~ 99	
	ex: 0100	

Preset Locations (capability.ptzenabled=1)

Note: This request requires operator privilege

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/preset.cgi?[channel=<value>]

[&addpos=<value>][&delpos=<value>][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
addpos	<text less="" string="" td="" than<=""><td>Add one preset location to preset list.</td></text>	Add one preset location to preset list.
	30 characters>	
channel	<0~(n-1)>	channel of video source
delpos	<text less="" string="" td="" than<=""><td>Delete preset location from preset list.</td></text>	Delete preset location from preset list.
	30 characters>	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page <return page=""> after the parameter is</return>
		assigned. The <return page=""> can be a full URL path or relative</return>
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter,
		it will redirect to an empty page.

IP filtering

Note: This request requires administrator access privilege

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?
method=<value>&[start=<ipaddress>&end=<ipaddress>][&index=<value>]
[&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Method	addallow	Add a set of allow IP address range to server. Start and end
		parameters must be specified. If the index parameter is
		specified, it will try to add starting from index position.
	adddeny	Add a set of deny IP address range to server. Start and end
		parameters must be specified. If the index parameter is
		specified, it will try to add starting from index position.
	deleteallow	Remove a set of allow IP address range from server. If start
		and end parameters are specified, it will try to remove the
		matched IP address. If index is specified, it will try to remove
		the address from given index position. [start, end] parameters
		have higher priority then the [index] parameter.

	deletedeny	Remove a set of deny IP address range from server. If start	
		and end parameters are specified, it will try to remove the	
		matched IP address. If index is specified, it will try to remove	
		the address from given index position. [start, end] parameters	
		have higher priority then the [index] parameter.	
start	<ip address=""></ip>	The start IP address to add or to delete.	
end	<ip address=""></ip>	The end IP address to add or to delete.	
index	<value></value>	The start position to add or to delete.	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is	
		assigned. The <return page=""> can be a full URL path or relative</return>	
		path according the the current path. If you omit this	
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.	

UART HTTP tunnel channel (capability.nuart>0)

Note: This request requires operator privilege

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi?[channel=<value>]

GET /cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi?[channel=<value>]

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

accept: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled

pragma: no-cache

cache-control: no-cache

POST /cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

content-type: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled

pragma: no-cache

cache-control : no-cache content-length: 32767

expires: Sun, 9 Jam 1972 00:00:00 GMT

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie

in the GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through some proxy server.

This channel will help to transfer the raw data of UART over network.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	0 ~ (n-1)	The channel number of UART.

Event/Control HTTP tunnel channel

Note: This request requires admin privilege

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/ctrlevent.cgi

.....

GET /cgi-bin/admin/ctrlevent.cgi

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

accept: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled

pragma: no-cache

cache-control: no-cache

.....

POST /cgi-bin/admin/ ctrlevent.cgi

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

content-type: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled

pragma : no-cache

cache-control: no-cache content-length: 32767

expires: Sun, 9 Jam 1972 00:00:00 GMT

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in the GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through some proxy server.

This channel will help to do real-time event notification and control. The event and control format are described in another document.

Get SDP of Streamings

Note: This request requires viewer access privilege

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

"network_accessname_<0 \sim (m-1)>" is the accessname for stream "1" to stream "m". Please refer to the

"subgroup of network: rtsp" for setting the accessname of SDP.

You can get the SDP by HTTP GET method.

Open the network streamings

Note: This request requires viewer access privilege

Syntax:

For http push server (mjpeg):

http://<servername>/<network_http_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

For rtsp (mp4), user needs to input the url below for a rtsp compatible player.

rtsp://<servername>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

For detailed streaming protocol, please refer to "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

Senddata (capability.nuart>0)

Note: This request requires privilege of viewer

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/senddata.cgi?

[com=<value>][&data=<value>][&flush=<value>] [&wait=<value>] [&read=<value>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
com	1 ~ <max. com="" port<="" td=""><td>The target com/rs485 port number</td></max.>	The target com/rs485 port number
	number>	
data	<hex decimal<="" td=""><td>The <hex data="" decimal=""> is s series of digit within 0 \sim 9, A \sim F.</hex></td></hex>	The <hex data="" decimal=""> is s series of digit within 0 \sim 9, A \sim F.</hex>
	data>[, <hex decimal<="" td=""><td>Each comma separates the commands by 200 milliseconds.</td></hex>	Each comma separates the commands by 200 milliseconds.
	data>]	
flush	yes,no	yes: receive data buffer of COM port will be cleared before
		read.
		no: do not clear the receive data buffer.
wait	1 ~ 65535	wait time in milliseconds before read data
read	1 ~ 128	the data length in bytes to read. The read data will be in return
		page.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n

\r\n

<hex decimal data>\r\n

Where is hex decimal data is a series of digit within 0 \sim 9, A \sim F

Technical Specifications

System

· CPU: Mozart 120 SoC

· Flash: 16MB

· RAM: 128MB + 128MB

· Embedded OS: Linux 2.6

Lens

- · CS-mount, vari-focal, f = 4.5 ~ 10 mm, F1.6, auto-iris
- · Removable IR-cut filter for day & night function

Angle of view

· 37.1° ~ 77.6° (horizontal)

Shutter Time

· 1/5 sec. to 1/40,000 sec.

Image Sensor

· 1/3.2" CMOS sensor in 1600x1200 resolution

Minimum Illumination

· 1.65 Lux / F1.6

Video

- · Compression: MJPEG & MPEG-4
- · Streaming:

Simultaneous dual-streaming

MPEG-4 streaming over UDP, TCP, HTTP or HTTPS

MPEG-4 multicast streaming

MJPEG streaming over HTTP or HTTPS

- · Supports time-shift streaming for recording pre- and post-event video
- · Supports 3GPP mobile surveillance
- · Frame rates:

MPEG-4: up to 30 fps at 800x600

up to 10 fps at 1600x1200

MJPEG: up to 30 fps at 800x600

up to 15 fps at 1600x1200

Image settings

- \cdot Adjustable image size, quality, and bit rate
- \cdot Time stamp and text caption overlay
- · Flip & mirror
- · Configurable brightness, contrast, saturation, sharpness, white balance and exposure
- · AGC, AWB, AES
- · Automatic, manual or scheduled day/night mode
- · BLC (Backlight compensation)
- · Supports privacy masks

Audio

· Compression:

GSM-AMR speech encoding, bit rate: 4.75 kbps to 12.2 kbps MPEG-4 AAC audio encoding, bit rate: 16 kbps to 128 kbps

· Interface:

Built-in Microsoft

External microphone input

Audio output

External/Internal microphone switch

- · Supports two-way audio via SIP protocol
- · Supports audio mute

Networking

- · 10/100 Mbps Ethernet, RJ-45
- Protocols: IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS and PPPoE

Alarm and Event Management

- · Triple-window video motion detection
- · Tamper detection
- · One D/I and one D/O for external sensor and alarm
- · Event notification using HTTP, SMTP or FTP
- · Local recording of MP4 file

On-board Storage

- · SD/SDHC card slot
- · Stores snapshots and video clips

Security

- · Multi-level user access with password protection
- · IP address filtering
- · HTTPS encrypted data transmission

Users

· Camera live viewing for up to 10 clients

_. . . .

· 154 mm (D) x 72 mm (W) x 62 mm (H)

Weigh

· Net: 650 g

LED Indicator

- · System power and status indicator
- · System activity and network link indicator

Power

- · 12V DC
- · 24V AC
- · Power consumption: Max. 8 W
- · 802.3af compliant Power-over-Ethernet

Approvals

 \cdot CE, LVD, FCC, VCCI, C-Tick

Operating Environments

- \cdot Temperature: 0 ~ 50 °C (32 ~ 122 °F)
- · Humidity: 90% RH

Viewing System Requirements

- · OS: Microsoft Windows 2000/XP/Vista
- · Browser: Mozilla Firefox, Internet Explorer 6.x or above
- · Cell phone: 3GPP player
- · Real Player: 10.5 or above
- · Quick Time: 6.5 or above

Installation, Management, and Maintenance

- · Installation Wizard 2
- · 16-CH recording software
- \cdot Supports firmware upgrade

Applications

 \cdot SDK available for application development and system integration

Warranty

· 24 months

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Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

FCC Statement

This device compiles with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a partial installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits.

CE Mark Warning C€

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Liability

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